

Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

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Judge of the Circuit Court	R. Michael McKenney
Clerk of the Circuit Court	Diane H. Mumford
Judge of the General District Court	John S. Martin
Judge of the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court	John E. Franklin
Commonwealth's Attorney	Jan Smith
Commissioner of the Revenue	George E. Thomas, Jr.
Treasurer	Bonnie J. Dickson
Sheriff	Patrick McCranie
Superintendent of Schools	Steve Parker
Director of Social Services	Edna G. Davenport
County Administrator	Frank A. Pleva

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Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Lancaster Lancaster, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Lancaster, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties*, *Cities*, *and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

*Opinion*s

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Lancaster, Virginia, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2016, the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement Nos. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, 79 *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*, and 82 *Pension Issues - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules related to pension funding on pages 4-10, 73-74, and 75-79 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise County of Lancaster, Virginia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, and statistical information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U. S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Other Information (Continued)

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures, applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical information have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 23, 2016, on our consideration of County of Lancaster, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County of Lancaster, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BATICK-

Richmond, Virginia November 23, 2016

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

To the Honorable Members of the Lancaster County Board of Supervisors To the Citizens of Lancaster County County of Lancaster, Virginia

The administrative management staff of the County of Lancaster, Virginia offers the readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. Please read it in conjunction with the County's basic financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

Government-wide Financial Statements

• The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$5,752,468 (net position).

Fund Financial Statements

The Governmental Funds, on a current financial resource basis, reported expenditures and other financing uses in excess of revenues and other financing sources by \$3,968,185 (Exhibit 5) after making contributions totaling \$10,020,474 to the School Board.

- As of the close of the current fiscal year; the County's funds reported ending fund balances of \$8,241,333, a decrease of \$3,968,185 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$4,828,482, or 18% of total general fund expenditures and other uses.
- The combined long-term obligations decreased \$1,188,424 during the current fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements,
- 2. Fund financial statements, and
- 3. Notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets/deferred outflows of resources and liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, courts, police protection, sanitation, social services, education, cultural events, and recreation.

The Government-wide financial statements include not only the County of Lancaster, Virginia itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate school district for which the County of Lancaster, Virginia is financially accountable. Financial information for the component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

<u>Fund financial statements</u> - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County of Lancaster, Virginia, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

<u>Governmental funds</u> - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions or services reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Whereas the government-wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, the governmental fund financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The focus of modified accrual reporting is on near-term inflows and outflows of financial resources and the balance of financial resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Since the governmental funds focus is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, a reconciliation between the two methods is provided at the bottom of the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The County has three major governmental funds - the General Fund, County Special Revenue Fund and the County Capital Projects Fund.

<u>Proprietary funds</u> - Proprietary funds consist of enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are established to account for the delivery of goods and services to the general public and use the accrual basis of accounting, similar to private sector business.

The Sewer Fund provides a centralized source for sewer services to County residents.

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> - The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the County's agency funds. It is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. The County excludes these activities from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations. Agency funds are County custodial funds used to provide accountability of client monies for which the County is custodian.

<u>Notes to the financial statements</u> - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

<u>Other information</u> - In addition to the basic financial statement and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information for budgetary comparison schedules and presentation of combining financial statements for the discretely presented component unit - School Board. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

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Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a County's financial position. In the case of the County, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$5,752,468 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. The following table summarizes the County's Statement of Net Position:

		Government	tal A	Activities		Business-ty	pe A	ctivities	Totals						
	2016		2015		2016	. <u> </u>	2015	2016			2015				
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$	10,137,522 9,552,678	\$	14,313,530 8,969,446	\$	4,500 1,189,396	\$	-	\$	10,142,022 10,742,074	\$	14,313,530 8,969,446			
Total assets	\$_	19,690,200	\$	23,282,976	\$	1,193,896	\$	-	\$	20,884,096	\$_	23,282,976			
Deferred outflows of resources	\$	762,499	\$	575,891	\$	-	\$	-	\$	762,499	\$	575,891			
Current liabilities	\$	1,362,125	\$	1,455,524	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,362,125	\$	1,455,524			
Long-term liabilities outstanding	_	14,052,948		15,241,372		-		-		14,052,948		15,241,372			
Total liabilities	\$_	15,415,073	\$	16,696,896	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15,415,073	\$_	16,696,896			
Deferred inflows of resources	\$	479,054	\$	1,042,803	\$	-	\$	-	\$	479,054	\$_	1,042,803			
Net position: Net investment in capital assets	\$	1,761,307	\$	2,989,235	\$	1,189,396	\$	-	\$	2,950,703	\$	2,989,235			
Restricted: Forfeited asset Wetlands special project Unrestricted	_	15,328 10,315 2,771,622		17,529 15,303 3,097,101		4,500		- -		15,328 10,315 2,776,122		17,529 15,303 3,097,101			
Total net position	\$	4,558,572	\$	6,119,168	\$	1,193,896	\$	-	\$	5,752,468	\$	6,119,168			

County of Lancaster, Virginia's Net Position

Government-wide Financial Analysis (Continued)

The County's net position decreased \$366,700 during the current fiscal year. The following table summarizes the County's Statement of Activities:

		Governmental	Activities		Business-type	e Activities	Tota	ls
		2016	2015		2016	2015	2016	2015
Charges for services Operating grants and	\$	508,057 \$	600,783	\$	- \$	- \$	508,057 \$	600,783
contributions		3,637,999	3,340,098		-	-	3,637,999	3,340,098
Capital grants and								
contributions		159,498	212,096		-	-	159,498	212,096
General property taxes		15,693,176	15,827,037		-	-	15,693,176	15,827,037
Other local taxes		1,973,114	1,936,429		-	-	1,973,114	1,936,429
Grants and other contri-					4,500	-	4,500	-
butions not restricted		1,302,796	1,317,854		-	-	1,302,796	1,317,854
Other general revenues		260,449	295,640		-	-	260,449	295,640
Contribution to sewer fund	_	(1,205,879)	-	_	1,205,879	-		
Total revenues	\$	22,329,210 \$	23,529,937	\$	1,210,379 \$	\$	23,539,589 \$	23,529,937
General government								
administration	Ś	1,908,331 \$	1,611,832	¢	- \$	- \$	1,908,331 \$	1,611,832
Judicial administration	Ļ	799,809	807,803	Ļ	ې -	- -	799,809	807,803
Public safety		4,952,988	4,613,799		-	-	4,952,988	4,613,799
Public works		1,310,981	1,238,203		16,483	-	1,327,464	1,238,203
Health and welfare		2,586,611	2,511,962		-	-	2,586,611	2,511,962
Education		11,439,147	10,403,350		-	-	11,439,147	10,403,350
Parks, recreation, and		,	,,				11,-57,1-7	10,403,550
cultural		31,285	172,119		-	-	31,285	172,119
Community development		605,475	661,086		-	-	605,475	661,086
Interest and other fiscal							005, 175	001,000
charges	_	255,179	378,089	_	-		255,179	378,089
Total expenses	\$	23,889,806 \$	22,398,243	\$	16,483_\$	\$	23,906,289 \$	22,398,243
Change in net position	\$	(1,560,596) \$	1,131,694	\$	1,193,896 \$	- \$	(366,700) \$	1,131,694
Net position, beginning of year		6,119,168	4,987,474		-	-	6,119,168	4,987,474
Net position, end of year	\$	4,558,572 \$	6,119,168	\$ _	1,193,896 \$	- \$	5,752,468 \$	6,119,168

County of Lancaster, Virginia's Changes in Net Position

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of available resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported fund balances of \$8,241,333, a decrease of \$3,968,185 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 59% of this total amount constitutes unassigned General Fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion. The decrease was largely due to the completion of a capital project.

The County Capital Projects Fund accounts for all major general public improvements. At the end of the fiscal year, the fund balance was \$3,385,656.

During the year, budgetary estimates exceeded actual revenues and other sources of the General Fund by \$1,835,453. Budgetary estimates exceeded actual expenditures and other uses by \$2,276,878. The combination of the two resulted in a positive variance of \$441,425.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

• <u>Capital assets</u> - The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental operations as of June 30, 2016 amounts to \$9,552,678 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system, and machinery and equipment.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in the notes of this report.

<u>Long-term debt</u> - At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total bonded debt outstanding of \$10,440,000. Of this amount, \$1,680,000 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the County. The remainder of the County's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e. lease revenue bonds).

The County's total debt decreased \$1,567,000 during the current fiscal year.

Additional information on the County of Lancaster, Virginia's long-term debt can be found in notes of this report.

Economic Factors and Future Years' Budgets and Rates

• Inflationary trends in the region are comparable to state and national indexes.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for the 2017 fiscal year.

The fiscal year 2017 budget increased by approximately 5%. All tax rates remained the same.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County of Lancaster, Virginia's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the County Administrator, 8311 Mary Ball Road, Lancaster, Virginia 22503.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

County of Lancaster, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

			G	Primary Government						
	Go	overnmental	В	usiness-type			-	nits		
		Activities		Activities		<u>Total</u>	S	chool Board		<u>IDA</u>
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,600,303	\$	4,500	\$	5,604,803	\$	141,509	\$	99,396
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):										
Taxes receivable		706,123		-		706,123		-		-
Accounts receivable		84,973		-		84,973		1,523		-
Due from other governmental units		701,200		-		701,200		1,305,281		-
Prepaid expenses		122,000		-		122,000		-		
Restricted assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents- unspent bond proceeds		2,922,923		-		2,922,923		-		-
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):										
Land and land improvements		845,555		-		845,555		6,271		-
Buildings and improvements		6,736,922		395,585		7,132,507		7,351,898		-
Machinery and equipment		426,250		-		426,250		1,237,172		-
Construction in progress	<u> </u>	1,543,951	ć	793,811	ć	2,337,762	ć	-	~	-
Total assets	\$	19,690,200	\$	1,193,896	Ş	20,884,096	\$	10,043,654	\$	99,396
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Pension contributions subsequent to										
measurement date	\$	586,468	\$	-	\$	586,468	\$	1,247,052	\$	-
Items related to measurement of net										
pension liability		176,031		-		176,031		2,785		-
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	762,499	\$	-	\$	762,499	\$	1,249,837	\$	-
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	20,452,699	\$	1,193,896	\$	21,646,595	\$	11,293,491	\$	99,396
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	350,976	\$	-	\$	350,976	\$	112,694	\$	-
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-		1,215,471		-
Accrued interest payable		107,971		-		107,971		-		-
Due to other governmental units		894,769		-		894,769		-		-
Unearned revenue		8,409		-		8,409		-		-
Long-term liabilities:										
Due within one year		1,630,947		-		1,630,947		42,913		-
Due in more than one year		12,422,001		-		12,422,001		13,290,924		-
Total liabilities	\$	15,415,073	\$	-	\$	15,415,073	\$	14,662,002	\$	-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Deferred revenue - property taxes	\$	34,490	\$	-	\$	34,490	\$	-	\$	-
Items related to measurement of net										
pension liability		444,564		-		444,564		1,050,664		-
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	479,054	\$	-	\$	479,054	\$	1,050,664	\$	-
NET POSITION										
Net investment in capital assets	\$	1,761,307	\$	1,189,396	\$	2,950,703	\$	8,595,341	\$	-
Restricted:										
Forfeited asset		15,328		-		15,328		-		-
Wetlands special project		10,315		-		10,315		-		-
Unrestricted (deficit)		2,771,622		4,500		2,776,122		(13,014,516)		99,396
Total net position	\$	4,558,572	\$	1,193,896	\$	5,752,468	\$	(4,419,175)	\$	99,396
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and										
Net Position	\$	20,452,699	\$	1,193,896	\$	21,167,541	\$	11,293,491		99,396

County of Lancaster, Virginia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

						D				Net (Expense) Revenu Changes in Net Posi										
				ŀ	rog	ram Revenues						Primary	es in Net Positi	ion						
						Operating		Capital			0	Government			Componen	t Uni	its			
			C	harges for		Grants and	G	Frants and	Governmental		-	usiness-type			oomponon					
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Services			Contributions		ntributions	-	Activities		Activities	Total	School Board			IDA			
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:																				
Governmental activities:																				
General government administration	\$	1,908,331	\$	-	\$	222,932	\$		\$	(1,685,399)		- \$	(1,685,399)	\$	-	\$	-			
Judicial administration		799,809		14,904		410,112				(374,793)			(374,793)		-		-			
Public safety		4,952,988		484,552		1,648,136				(2,820,300)			(2,820,300)		-		-			
Public works		1,436,689		8,569		-				(1,428,120)			(1,428,120)		-		-			
Health and welfare		2,586,611		-		1,341,927		-		(1,244,684)		-	(1,244,684)		-		-			
Education		11,313,439		-		-				(11,313,439)			(11,313,439)		-		-			
Parks, recreation, and cultural		31,285				-				(31,285)			(31,285)		-		-			
Community development		605,475		32		-		159,498		(445,945)		-	(445,945)		-		-			
Interest on long-term debt		255,179		-		14,892		-		(240,287)			(240,287)		-					
Total governmental activities	Ş	23,889,806	\$	508,057	\$	3,637,999	Ş	159,498	\$	(19,584,252)	\$	- \$	(19,584,252)	\$		\$	-			
Business-type activities:																				
Sewer	\$	16,483	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,500	\$	-	\$	(11,983) \$	(11,983)	\$	-	\$	-			
Total business-type activities	\$	16,483	\$	-	\$	-	Ş	4,500	\$	-	\$	(11,983) \$	(11,983)	\$	-	\$	-			
Total primary government	Ş	23,906,289	Ş	508,057	\$	3,637,999	\$	163,998	\$	(19,584,252)	\$	(11,983) \$	(19,596,235)	Ş	•	Ş	-			
COMPONENT UNITS:																				
School Board	Ş	15,632,642	\$	110,761	\$	5,226,693	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- S	-	\$	(10,295,188)	\$	-			
IDA		47,900		31,087		-						-			-		(16,813)			
Total component units	\$	15,680,542	\$	141,848	\$	5,226,693	Ş		\$		\$	- \$		\$	(10,295,188)	\$	(16,813)			
	c	ral revenues:																		
		neral property t							s	15,693,176	c	- S	15,693,176	c		c				
		ner local taxes:	axes						Ş	13,073,170	Ş	- >	13,093,170	Ş	-	Ş	-			
		ocal sales and u	ico ta	YOF .						1,556,263			1,556,263							
		otor vehicle lic								193,960			193,960							
		ther local taxes								222,891			222,891							
		restricted reven		om use of mon	ov a	nd property				145,471			145,471		3,084		47			
		cellaneous	ues n	on use of mon	cyu	ind property				114.978		-	114,978		108,139		-			
		ments from Lar	ncaste	or County						,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		11,194,090					
				,	tos	pecific programs				1,302,796			1,302,796							
		ntribution to sev				P P 5				(1,205,879)		1,205,879	.,							
		al general reve		-					\$	18,023,656		1,205,879 \$	19,229,535	\$	11,305,313	\$	47			
		ge in net positio							Š	(1,560,596)		1,193,896 \$	(366,700)		1,010,125		(16,766)			
		osition - beginr							•	6,119,168	ŕ	-	6,119,168		(5,429,300)		116,162			
		osition - ending							\$	4,558,572	Ş	1,193,896 \$		Ş	(4,419,175)	Ş	99,396			
												. ,	. ,							

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

County of Lancaster, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

		General		County Special <u>Revenue</u>		County Capital <u>Projects</u>		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,969,974	\$	35,604	\$	594,725	\$	5,600,303
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):								
Taxes receivable		706,123		-		-		706,123
Accounts receivable		84,973		-		-		84,973
Due from other funds		120,000		-		-		120,000
Due from other governmental units		701,200		-		-		701,200
Prepaid items		122,000		-		-		122,000
Restricted assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents		-		-		2,922,923		2,922,923
Total assets	\$	6,704,270	\$	35,604	\$	3,517,648	\$	10,257,522
AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Due to other governmental units Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$ \$	338,984 - 894,769 - 1,233,753	\$ \$	- - 8,409 8,409	\$ \$	11,992 120,000 - - 131,992	\$ \$	350,976 120,000 894,769 8,409 1,374,154
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	642,035	\$	-	\$	-	\$	642,035
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	642,035	\$	-	\$	-	\$	642,035
Fund balances:								
Restricted	\$	-	\$	25,643	Ś	-	\$	25,643
Committed	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	1,552	Ŧ	3,385,656	Ŧ	3,387,208
Unassigned		4,828,482		-,		- , , •		4,828,482
Total fund balances	\$	4,828,482	\$	27,195	\$	3,385,656	\$	8,241,333
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · ·	,,	-	,	-	- ,	т	-, -,
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								

County of Lancaster, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are di	fferer	nt because:	
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds			\$ 8,241,333
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, theref are not reported in the funds. The following is a summary of items supporting thi Capital assets, cost Accumulated depreciation		ustment: 16,520,466 (6,967,788)	9,552,678
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the funds.			
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	607,545	
Items related to measurement of net pension liability		(444,564)	162,981
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction to the	e net		
pension liability in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the fur	ds.		586,468
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the curren period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The following is a summary items supporting this adjustment:			
Revenue bonds	\$	(8,760,000)	
General obligations bond		(1,680,000)	
Accrued interest payable		(107,971)	
Bond premium		(274,294)	
Net pension liability		(3,129,184)	
Deferred outflows related to measurement of net pension liability		176,031	
Compensated absences		(209,470)	(13,984,888)
Net position of governmental activities		-	\$ 4,558,572

Exhibit 5

County of Lancaster, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

				County Special		County Capital		
		General		Revenue		Projects		Total
REVENUES								
General property taxes	\$	15,836,307	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15,836,307
Other local taxes		1,973,114		-		-		1,973,114
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		108,799		-		-		108,799
Fines and forfeitures		10,833		-		-		10,833
Revenue from the use of money and property		112,979		39		32,453		145,471
Charges for services		388,425		-		-		388,425
Miscellaneous		114,928		50		-		114,978
Recovered costs		27,027		-		-		27,027
Intergovernmental:								
Commonwealth		4,016,908		8,343		-		4,025,251
Federal		902,763		12,781		159,498		1,075,042
Total revenues	\$	23,492,083	\$	21,213	\$	191,951	\$	23,705,247
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government administration	\$	1,520,697	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,520,697
Judicial administration		683,614		-		-		683,614
Public safety		4,992,280		-		-		4,992,280
Public works		1,320,139		-		-		1,320,139
Health and welfare		2,583,793		-		-		2,583,793
Education		10,034,174		-		-		10,034,174
Parks, recreation, and cultural		192,866		-		-		192,866
Community development		522,018		-		-		522,018
Capital projects		3,700,453		-		123,552		3,824,005
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		1,651,580		-		-		1,651,580
Interest and other fiscal charges		348,266		-		-		348,266
Total expenditures	\$	27,549,880	\$	-	\$	123,552	\$	27,673,432
Evenue (deficiency) of revenues over								
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	ć	(4.057.707)	ć	24 242	\$	68,399	\$	(2.069.195)
(under) expenditures	\$	(4,057,797)	Ş	21,213	Ş	00,399	Ş	(3,968,185)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	3,592,512	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,592,512
Transfers out	_	-		(28,351)		(3,564,161)		(3,592,512)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	3,592,512	\$	(28,351)	\$	(3,564,161)	\$	-
Net showns in fund hale	~	(A/ E 20E)	~	/7 400	~		ć	
Net change in fund balances	\$	(465,285)	Ş	(7,138)	\$	(3,495,762)	Ş	(3,968,185)
Fund balances - beginning	~	5,293,767	~	34,333	~	6,881,418	ć	12,209,518
Fund balances - ending	\$	4,828,482	\$	27,195	Ş	3,385,656	\$	8,241,333

County of Lancaster, Virginia Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (3,968,185)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation and transfers exceeded capital outlays in the current period. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment: Capital asset additions Depreciation expense Transfer of joint tenancy assets to Component Unit from Primary Government	\$ 2,659,221 (452,105) (1,173,616)	1,033,500
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (I.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to increase net position.		(450,268)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Property taxes Decrease (increase) in items related to measurement of net pension liability	\$ (143,131) 572,313	429,182
The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment: Principal retirement of county lease revenue bonds Principal retirement of school general obligation bond Principal retirement of capital lease	\$ 1,437,000 130,000 84,580	1,651,580
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment: Amortization of bond premium (Increase) decrease in compensated absences (Increase) decrease in net pension liability (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows related to measurement of net pension liability (Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable	\$ 72,944 (22,734) (513,366) 10,577 176,031 20,143	(256,405)
Change in net position of governmental activities	-	\$ (1,560,596)

Exhibit 7

County of Lancaster, Virginia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2016

	Enterprise Fund
	Sewer
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,500
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets:	
Buildings and improvements	\$ 395,585
Construction in progress	793,811
Total net capital assets	\$ 1,189,396
Total noncurrent assets	\$ 1,189,396
Total assets	\$ 1,193,896
NET POSITION	
Investment in capital assets	\$ 1,189,396
Unrestricted	4,500
Total net position	\$ 1,193,896

Exhibit 8

County of Lancaster, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Enterprise Fund	
		Sewer
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Depreciation	\$	16,483
Total operating expenses	\$	16,483
Operating income (loss)	\$	(16,483)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Connection fees	\$	4,500
Capital contributions		1,205,879
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$	1,210,379
Change in net position	\$	1,193,896
Total net position - beginning	<u> </u>	-
Total net position - ending	\$	1,193,896

County of Lancaster, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Er	nterprise Fund
		Sewer
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Connection fees	\$	4,500
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related		. = = =
financing activities	\$	4,500
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,500
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		-
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	4,500
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash		
provided by (used for) operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(16,483)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash		
provided by (used for) operating activities:		
Depreciation	-	16,483
Total adjustments	<u>\$</u>	16,483
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	Ş	-

The notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit 10

County of Lancaster, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund June 30, 2016

	Agency <u>Fund</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 18,095
Total assets	\$ 18,095
LIABILITIES Amounts held for social services clients Total liabilities	\$ 18,095 \$ 18,095

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The County of Lancaster, Virginia (the "County") is governed by an elected five member Board of Supervisors. The County provides a full range of services for its citizens. These services include police, refuse disposal, recreational activities, cultural events, education, and social services.

The financial statements of the County of Lancaster, Virginia have been prepared in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

<u>Management's Discussion and Analysis</u> - GASB Statement No. 34 requires the financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities in the form of "Management's Discussion and Analysis" (MD&A).

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

<u>Statement of Net Position</u> - The Statement of Net Position is designed to display financial position of the primary government (governmental and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2016

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

<u>Statement of Activities</u> - The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

<u>Budgetary Comparison Schedules</u> - Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Under the reporting model, governments provide budgetary comparison information in their annual reports including the government's original budget and a comparison of final budget and actual results.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for the basic financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. These financial statements present the County of Lancaster (the primary government) and its component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the government.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2016

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

B. Individual Component Unit Disclosures

Blended Component Unit. The County has no blended component units at June 30, 2016.

Discretely Presented Component Units. The School Board members are elected by the citizens of Lancaster County. The School Board is responsible for the operations of the County's School System within the County boundaries. The School Board is fiscally dependent on the County. The County has the ability to approve its budget and any amendments. The primary funding is from the General Fund of the County. The School Board are presented as a discrete presentation of the County financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

The Industrial Development Authority is responsible for industrial and commercial development in the County. The Authority consists of seven members appointed by the Board of Supervisors. The Authority is fiscally dependent on the County, and therefore, it is included in the County's financial statements as a discrete presentation for the year ended June 30, 2016. The Industrial Development Authority does not issue a separate financial report.

C. Other Related Organizations Included in the County's Financial Report

None

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues, (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2016

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally within two months preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2016

Note 1–Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

1. <u>Governmental Funds</u>

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The County reports the General, County Capital Projects and County Special Revenue Funds as major governmental funds.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. This fund is used to account for and report all financial transactions and resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues is used principally to finance the operations of the Component Unit School Board.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - The County Capital Projects Fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, except for those financed by proprietary funds or for assets held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. This is reported as a major fund.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special revenue funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The County Special Revenue Fund reports the operations of the following activities: Forfeited Asset, Wetlands Special Project, and E-911. This is reported as a major fund.

2. Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to those found in private business enterprises. The measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position. Proprietary funds consist of Enterprise Funds

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds account for the financing of services to the general public where all or most of the operating expenses involved are recorded in the form of changes to users of such services. The only enterprise fund is the Sewer Fund.

3. <u>Fiduciary Funds - (Trust and Agency Funds)</u> - account for assets held by the County unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These funds include the Special Welfare Fund. These funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting described in the Governmental Fund Presentation, but do not have a measurement focus. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2016

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government.

F. Investments

Money market investments, participating interest-earning investment contracts (repurchase agreements) that have a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less, nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts (nonnegotiable certificates of deposit (CDs) and external investment pools are measured at amortized cost. All other investments are reported at fair value.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds and repurchase agreements.

G. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portions of the interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$303,531 at June 30, 2016 is comprised solely of property taxes.

Real and Personal Property Tax Data:

The tax calendars for real and personal property taxes are summarized below.

	Real Property	Personal Property
Levy	January 1	January 1
Due Date	December 5	December 5
Lien Date	January 1	January 1

The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2016

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as land, buildings, and equipment with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. The County does not have any infrastructure in its capital assets since roads, streets, bridges and similar assets within its boundaries are the property of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded as acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Building Improvements	40
Furniture, Vehicles, Office and Computer Equipment	5-20
Buses	10

I. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expense in the Statement of Activities and a long-term obligation in the Statement of Net Position. In accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to received sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2016

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

J. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

K. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

L. Net Position

Net position is the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

M. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

N. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is comprised of certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability (asset). These include differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions, the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments and contributions to the pension plan made during the current year and subsequent to the net pension liability (asset) measurement date, which will be recognized as an increase to or a reduction of the net pension asset or liability next fiscal year. For more detailed information on these items, reference the pension note.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2016

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

N. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30 and amounts prepaid on next year's taxes and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, amounts prepaid on next year's taxes are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability are reported as deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, change in assumptions, the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, and changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions. For more detailed information on these items, reference the pension note.

O. Fund Equity

The County reports fund balances in accordance with GASB Statement 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2016

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

O. Fund Equity (Continued)

Board of Supervisors establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by Board of Supervisors through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of capital assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

The details of governmental fund balances, as presented in aggregate on Exhibit 3, are as follows:

	General Fund		Major Special Revenue Fund County Special Revenue Fund		Major Capital Projects Fund County Capital Projects Fund		Total
Fund Balances:		-				_	
Restricted:							
Forfeited asset	\$ -	\$	15,328	\$	- \$	5	15,328
Wetlands special project	-		10,315		-		10,315
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$ -	\$	25,643	\$	- \$	5 _	25,643
Committed:							
Sheriff's K-9 Unit	\$ -	\$	1,552	\$	- \$	5	1,552
Capital Improvements	-		-		3,385,656		3,385,656
Total Committed Fund Balance	\$ -	\$	1,552	\$	3,385,656 \$	5 _	3,387,208
Unassigned	\$ 4,828,482	\$	-	\$	- \$	5	4,828,482
Total Fund Balances	\$ 4,828,482	\$	27,195	\$	3,385,656 \$; _	8,241,333

P. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and premiums on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2016

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Q. Adoption of Accounting Principles:

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application

The County implemented the provisions of the above Statement during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The Statement generally requires investments to be measured at fair value. The Statement requires the County to use valuation techniques which are appropriate under the circumstances and are either a market approach, a cost approach or an income approach. The Statement establishes a hierarchy of inputs used to measure fair value. There was no material impact on the County's financial statement as a result of the implementation of Statement No. 72.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*

The County implemented the provisions of the above Statement during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain external investment pools and pool participants. Specifically, it establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. An external investment pool qualifies for that reporting if it meets all of the applicable criteria established in this Statement. There was no material impact on the County's financial statement as a result of the implementation of Statement No. 79.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73*

The County early implemented provisions of the above Statement during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The objective of this Statement is to address certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statements No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans*, No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, and No. 73, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68.* Specifically, this Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. No restatement was required as a result of this implementation.

Note 2-Stewardship, Compliance, and Accounting:

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. On or before March 30th, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2016

Note 2—Stewardship, Compliance, and Accounting: (Continued)

- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the fund level. The appropriation for each fund can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments.
- 5. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 6. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units.

Expenditures and Appropriations

Expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following funds:

County Capital Projects Fund \$123,552

Note 3–Deposits and Investments:

Deposits

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. Seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Investments

Statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2016

Note 3—Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

Credit Risk of Debt Securities

The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2016 were rated by <u>Standard & Poor's</u> and the ratings are presented below using <u>Standard & Poor's</u> rating scale.

Rated Debt Investments	Fair Q	Quality Rating
		AAAm
Local Government Investment Pool State Non-Arbitrage Pool	\$	6,755 131,694
Total	\$	138,449

County's Rated Debt Investments' Values

External Investment Pools

The State Non-Arbitrage Pool (SNAP) is an open-ended management investment company registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). The fair value of the positions in the external investment pools (Local Government Investment Pool and State Non-Arbitrage Pool) is the same as the value of the pool shares. As the LGIP is not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP is an amortized cost basis portfolio under the provision of GASB No. 79. There are no withdrawal limitations or restrictions imposed on participants.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2016

Note 4–Due to/from Other Governments:

At June 30, 2016, the County has receivables from other governments as follows:

	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board
Other Local Governments:		
County of Lancaster	\$ -	\$ 894,769
Commonwealth of Virginia:		
Local sales tax	283,799	-
Welfare	26,537	-
Local jails	12,084	-
State sales tax	-	229,481
Constitutional officer reimbursements	152,117	-
Recordation tax	10,872	-
Auto rental tax	617	-
Mobile home titling tax	75	-
Comprehensive services act	89,512	-
E-911 wireless	7,145	-
Commmunications tax	52,350	-
VHDA fees	2,331	-
Federal Government:		
School fund grants	-	181,031
State homeland security	2,821	-
Emergency management	5,551	-
Welfare	55,389	
Total due from other governments	\$ 701,200	\$ 1,305,281

At June 30, 2016, amounts due to other local governments are as follows:

Other Local Governments:		
Lancaster County School Board	\$ <u>894,769</u> \$	-

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2016

Note 5–Capital Assets:

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016:

Primary Government:

	Balance			Balance	
	July 1, 2015	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2016	
Governmental Activities:					
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:					
Land and land improvements	\$ 883,755	Ş -	\$ 38,200	\$ 845,555	
Construction in progress	132,393	1,738,303	326,745	1,543,951	
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	\$ 1,016,148	\$ 1,738,303	\$ 364,945	\$ 2,389,506	
Capital assets subject to depreciation:					
Buildings and improvements	\$ 7,724,359	\$-	\$ 475,463	\$ 7,248,896	
Machinery and equipment	3,044,839	162,919	-	3,207,758	
Jointly owned assets	4,156,459	1,084,744	1,566,897	3,674,306	
Total capital assets subject to depreciation	\$ 14,925,657	\$ 1,247,663	\$ 2,042,360	\$ 14,130,960	
Accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings and improvements	\$ 2,073,969	\$ 181,402	\$ 63,395	\$ 2,191,976	
Machinery and equipment	2,636,513	144,995	-	2,781,508	
Jointly owned assets	2,261,877	125,708	393,281	1,994,304	
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 6,972,359	\$ 452,105	\$ 456,676	\$ 6,967,788	
Total capital assets subject to					
depreciation, net	\$ 7,953,298	\$ 795,558	\$ 1,585,684	\$ 7,163,172	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 8,969,446	\$ 2,533,861	\$ 1,950,629	\$ 9,552,678	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2016

Note 5—Capital Assets: (Continued)

A summary of proprietary fund property, plant, and equipment at June 30, 2016 follows:

Primary Government: (Continued)

	Balanc	е						Balance
	July 1, 2015		Additions		Deletions		Ju	ne 30, 2016
Business-type activities:								
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:								
Construction in progress	\$	-	\$	793,811	\$	-	\$	793,811
Capital assets subject to depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	-	\$	412,068	\$	-	\$	412,068
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	-	\$	16,483	\$	-	\$	16,483
Total capital assets subject to								
depreciation, net	\$	-	\$	395,585	\$	-	\$	395,585
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	-	\$ [,]	1,189,396	\$	-	\$	1,189,396
					-			

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2016

Note 5-Capital Assets: (Continued)

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016:

	Balance July 1, 2015 Ad			Additions	itions Deletions			Balance une 30, 2016
Component Unit-School Board:								
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:								
Land and land improvements	\$	6,271	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,271
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	\$	6,271	\$		\$	-	\$	6,271
Capital assets subject to depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	51,100	\$	-	\$	-	\$	51,100
Machinery and equipment		4,192,358		163,226		-		4,355,584
Jointly owned assets		14,441,601		-		(1,566,897)		16,008,498
Total capital assets subject to depreciation	\$	18,685,059	\$	163,226	\$	(1,566,897)	\$	20,415,182
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	15,364	\$	3,394	\$	-	\$	18,758
Machinery and equipment		2,894,723		223,689		-		3,118,412
Jointly owned assets		7,858,888		436,773		(393,281)		8,688,942
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	10,768,975	\$	663,856	\$	(393,281)	\$	11,826,112
Total capital assets subject to								
depreciation, net	\$	7,916,084	\$	(500,630)	\$	(1,173,616)	\$	8,589,070
Component unit school board capital								
assets, net	\$	7,922,355	\$	(500,630)	\$	(1,173,616)	\$	8,595,341

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2016

Note 5—Capital Assets: (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Primary Government:	
Governmental activities:	
General government administration	\$ 14,044
Judicial administration	138,665
Public safety	145,776
Health and welfare	27,912
Education	125,708
Total Governmental activities	\$ 452,105
Business-type Activities	\$ 16,483
Component Unit School Board	\$ 663,856

Note 6–Interfund Transfers:

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2016, consisted of the following:

Fund	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Primary Government: General fund	\$ 3,592,512	\$ -
County capital projects fund County special revenue fund	- -	3,564,161 28,351
Total	\$ 3,592,512	\$ 3,592,512

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2016

Note 7—Long-Term Obligations:

Primary Government:

The following is a summary of long-term obligations transactions for the year ended June 30, 2016:

	Balance at July 1, 2015	lssuances/ Increases	Retirements/ Decreases	Balance at June 30, 2016	Amounts Due Within One Year
				·	
Governmental Activities Obligations:					
Incurred by County:					
Compensated absences	\$ 186,736	\$ 41,408	\$ 18,674	\$ 209,470	\$ 20,947
Net pension liability	2,615,818	2,085,084	1,571,718	3,129,184	-
Lease revenue bonds	10,197,000	-	1,437,000	8,760,000	1,475,000
Total incurred by County	\$ 12,999,554	\$ 2,126,492	\$ 3,027,392	\$ 12,098,654	\$ 1,495,947
Incurred by School Board:					
General obligation bond	\$ 1,810,000	\$-	\$ 130,000	\$ 1,680,000	\$ 135,000
Bond premium	347,238	-	72,944	274,294	-
Capital lease (Note 8)	84,580	-	84,580	-	-
Total incurred by School Board	\$ 2,241,818	\$ -	\$ 287,524	\$ 1,954,294	\$ 135,000
Total Governmental Activities Obligations	\$ 15,241,372	\$ 2,126,492	\$ 3,314,916	\$ 14,052,948	\$ 1,630,947

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2016

Note 7–Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

	County Obligations			
		Lease		
Year Ending		Revenu	e Bono	ds
June 30		Principal		Interest
2017	\$	1,475,000	\$	213,761
2018		1,525,000		169,356
2019		1,312,000		124,636
2020		702,000		97,856
2021		717,000		82,412
2022		733,000		66,638
2023		749,000		50,512
2024		765,000		34,034
2025		782,000		17,204
Total	\$	8,760,000	\$	856,409

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2016

Note 7–*Long-Term Obligations:* (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows: (Continued)

5	5			
		School Obligations		
		General (Obliga	tion
Year Ending		Bo	nd	
June 30		Principal		Interest
2017	\$	135,000	\$	82,529
2018		140,000		75,854
2019		150,000		68,314
2020		160,000		60,254
2021		165,000		51,804
2022		175,000		43,397
2023		180,000		34,870
2024		185,000		25,723
2025		190,000		15,933
2026		200,000		5,438
				· · · · · ·
Total	\$	1,680,000	\$	464,116
2023 2024 2025 2026	\$	180,000 185,000 190,000 200,000	\$	34,870 25,723 15,933 5,438

Details of long-term indebtedness:

	Total Amount
Incurred by County:	
Lease Revenue Bonds:	
\$3,870,000 lease revenue bond issued November 16, 2011 due in annual installments of varying amounts through October 1, 2018, with varying interest rates	¢ 1 705 000
interest fates	\$ 1,795,000
\$7,107,000 lease revenue bond issued September 26, 2014 due in annual installments of varying amounts through January 15, 2025, with interest rate of 2.2%	(
	6,464,000
\$981,000 lease revenue bond issued September 26, 2014 due in annual installments of varying amounts through January 15, 2018, with interest rate	501,000
Total Revenue Bonds	\$ 8,760,000
Compensated absences (payable from General Fund)	\$ 209,470
Net pension liability	\$ 3,129,184
Total incurred by County	\$ 12,098,654

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2016

Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness: (Continued)

	Total
	Amount
Incurred by School Board:	
General Obligation Bond:	
\$2,280,000 General Obligation bond issued November 14, 2010, due in annual	
installments of varying amounts through April 2026, interest at .586% to 5.438%.	\$ 1,680,000
Bond premium	274,294
Total incurred by School Board	\$ 1,954,294
Total Long-Term Obligations, Primary Government	\$ 14,052,948

Component Unit - School Board:

	Balance at July 1, 2015	Increases	Decreases	Balance at June 30, 2016	Amounts Due Within One Year
Component Unit-School Board: Compensated absences Net pension liability	\$ 317,390 12,371,843	\$ 143,480 1,187,873	\$ 31,739 655,010	\$ 429,131 12,904,706	\$ 42,913
Total Component Unit-School Board	\$ 12,689,233	\$ 1,331,353	\$ 686,749	\$ 13,333,837	\$ 42,913

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2016

Note 8–Unearned and Deferred/Unavailable Revenue:

Unearned and deferred/unavailable revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Unearned and deferred/unavailable revenue is comprised of the following:

<u>Unavailable Property Tax Revenue</u> - Unavailable revenue representing uncollected tax billings not available for funding of current expenditures totaled \$607,545 at June 30, 2016.

<u>Prepaid Property Taxes</u> - Property taxes due subsequent to June 30, 2016 but paid in advance by the taxpayers totaled \$34,490 at June 30, 2016.

<u>Unearned Revenue</u> - Other miscellaneous unearned revenue items totaled \$8,409, all of which was related to asset forfeiture grant funds.

Note 9–Contingent Liabilities:

Federal programs in which the County and discretely presented component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of Title 2 U. S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements.

While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowance of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Note 10–Litigation:

At June 30, 2016, there were no matters of litigation involving the County or which would materially affect the County's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable to the County.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2016

Note 11 - Risk Management:

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries insurance.

The County is a member of the VACO Self Insurance Association for workers' compensation. This program is administered by a servicing contractor, which furnishes claims review and processing.

Each Association member jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County pays VACO contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the Association and claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the Association may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The County continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of losses. During the last three fiscal years, settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2016

Note 12-Pension Plan:

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County and (nonprofessional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multipleemployer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
About Plan 1 Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.	About Plan 2 Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.	 About the Hybrid Retirement Plan The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (see "Eligible Members") The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions. 	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2016

Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
About Plan 1 (Cont.)	About Plan 2 (Cont.)	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan (Cont.)	
		 In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees. 	
Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013. Hybrid Opt-In Election VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014. The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014. If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.	Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013. Hybrid Opt-In Election Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014. The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014. If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid	Eligible Members Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes: • Political subdivision employees* • School division employees • Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1-April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014. *Non-Eligible Members Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include: • Political subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees.	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2016

Note 12–Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.	Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.	*Non-Eligible Members (Cont.) Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.	
Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.	Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016.	Retirement Contributions A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2016

Note 12–Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Creditable Service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.	Creditable Service Same as Plan 1.	Creditable Service <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit. <u>Defined Contributions</u> <u>Component:</u> Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2016

Note 12–Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Vesting Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	Vesting Same as Plan 1.	Vesting <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component. <u>Defined Contributions</u> <u>Component:</u> Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2016

Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Vesting (Cont.)	Vesting (Cont.)	 Vesting (Cont.) <u>Defined Contributions</u> <u>Component:</u> (Cont.) Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service. After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions. After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions. After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions. Distribution is not required by law until age 70½.
Calculating the Benefit The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement.	Calculating the Benefit See definition under Plan 1.	Calculating the Benefit <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> See definition under Plan 1

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2016

Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Calculating the Benefit (Cont.) An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.	Calculating the Benefit (Cont.)	Calculating the Benefit (Cont.) <u>Defined Contribution</u> <u>Component:</u> The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.
Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.
Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.	Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non- hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Same as Plan 1. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Service Retirement Multiplier <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> VRS: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Not applicable. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. <u>Defined Contribution</u> <u>Component:</u> Not applicable.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2016

Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Normal Retirement Age VRS: Age 65.	Normal Retirement Age VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age.	Normal Retirement Age <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> VRS: Same as Plan 2.
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. <u>Defined Contribution</u> <u>Component:</u> Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. <u>Defined Contribution</u> <u>Component:</u> Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> VRS: Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2016

Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: 50 with at least five years of creditable service.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. <u>Defined Contribution</u> <u>Component:</u> Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%. <u>Eligibility:</u> For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%. <u>Eligibility:</u> Same as Plan 1.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 2. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable. Eligibility: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2016

Note 12–Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.) Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances: • The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013. • The member retires on disability. • The member retires directly from short-term or long- term disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP). • The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transitional Benefits Program. • The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.) Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.) Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2016

Note 12–Pension Plan: (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)						
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN				
Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted. VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before	Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted. VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before	Disability Coverage Employees of political subdivisions and School divisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt- ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members.				
becoming eligible for non-work- related disability benefits.	becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.	Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.				
Purchase of Prior Service Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.	Purchase of Prior Service Same as Plan 1.	 Purchase of Prior Service <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions: Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service. The cost for purchasing refunded service is the higher of 4% of creditable compensation or average final compensation. Plan members have one year from their date of hire or return from leave to purchase all but refunded prior service at approximate normal cost. After that one- year period, the rate for most categories of service will change to actuarial cost. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable. 				

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2016

Note 12—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

The system issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plans administered by VRS. A copy of the most recent report may be obtained from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2015-annual-report-pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	57	23
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	8	3
Non-vested inactive members	9	18
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	38	8
Total inactive members	55	29
Active members	96	42
Total covered employees	208	94

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by \$51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2016 was 12.88% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2016

Note 12–Pension Plan: (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$586,468 and \$573,585 for the years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively.

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2016 was 10.74% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$91,678 and \$89,468 for the years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

The County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2015. The total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liabilities were determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2014, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5% - 5.35%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2016

Note 12–Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

Mortality rates: 14% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2016

Note 12–Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees in the County's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5% - 4.75%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates: 60% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2016

Note 12–Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2016

Note 12—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Weighted
		Arithmetic	Average
		Long-Term	Long-Term
	Target	Expected	Expected
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total	100.00%		5.83%
		Inflation	2.50%
*Expe	cted arithmet	ic nominal return	8.33%

* Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2016

Note 12–Pension Plan: (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the employer for the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Retirement Plans will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

			mary Governmer crease (Decrease		
	_	Total Pension Liability (a)	 Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$_	19,310,108	\$ 16,694,290	\$	2,615,818
Changes for the year:					
Service cost	\$	504,777	\$ -	\$	504,777
Interest		1,320,944	-		1,320,944
Differences between expected					
and actual experience		248,771	-		248,771
Contributions - employer		-	573,585		(573,585)
Contributions - employee		-	230,155		(230,155)
Net investment income		-	767,978		(767,978)
Benefit payments, including refunds	5				
of employee contributions		(878,972)	(878,972)		-
Administrative expenses		-	(10,432)		10,432
Other changes		-	(160)		160
Net changes	\$_	1,195,520	\$ 682,154	\$	513,366
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$	20,505,628	\$ 17,376,444	\$ <u></u>	3,129,184

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2016

Note 12–Pension Plan: (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability

		Component School Board (nonprofessional)						
			Inc	crease (Decrease)				
		Total		Plan	Net			
		Pension Liability (a)		Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Pension Liability (a) - (b)			
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$	2,907,490	\$	2,497,647 \$	409,843			
Changes for the year:								
Service cost	Ş	88,092	Ş	- Ş	88,092			
Interest		198,993		-	198,993			
Differences between expected								
and actual experience		4,221		-	4,221			
Contributions - employer		-		89,468	(89,468)			
Contributions - employee		-		41,189	(41,189)			
Net investment income		-		114,353	(114,353)			
Benefit payments, including refund	S							
of employee contributions		(129,468)		(129,468)	-			
Administrative expenses		-		(1,541)	1,541			
Other changes		-		(26)	26			
Net changes	\$ <u></u>	161,838	\$	113,975 \$	47,863			
Balances at June 30, 2015	Ş	3,069,328	Ş	2,611,622 \$	457,706			

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

			Rate		
	_	1% Decrease	Current Discoun	t	1% Increase
	_	(6.00%)	(7.00%)		(8.00%)
County					
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	5,546,446	\$ 3,129,184	\$	1,097,632
Component Unit School Board (nonprofe	ssional)				
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	833,511	\$ 457,706	\$	141,319

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2016

Note 12–Pension Plan: (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$338,607 and \$48,491 respectively. At June 30, 2016, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

						Component	Unit School		
		Primary (Gov	vernment		Board (nonprofessional)			
	_	Deferred		Deferred	-	Deferred	Deferred		
	(Outflows of		Inflows of		Outflows of	Inflows of		
	_	Resources		Resources	_	Resources	Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	Ş	176,031	Ş	-	Ş	2,785 \$	-		
Change in assumptions									
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		444,564		-	64,664		
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	586,468		-	_	91,678			
Total	\$	762,499	\$	444,564	\$	94,463 \$	64,664		

\$586,468 and \$91,678 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions, respectively, subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
2017 2018 2019 2020 Thereafter	\$ (101,955) (101,955) (144,145) 79,522	\$ (24,150) (24,237) (25,585) 12,093

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2016

Note 12–Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional)

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system). Additional information regarding the plan description can be found in the first section of this note.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by \$51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

Each School Division's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2016 was 14.06% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013 adjusted for the transfer in June 2015 of \$192,884,000 as an accelerated payback of the deferred contribution in the 2010-12 biennium. The actuarial rate for the Teacher Retirement Plan was 18.20%, however, it was reduced to 17.64% as a result of transfer. This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Based on the provisions of \$51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended the contributions were funded at 79.69% of the actuarial rate for the year ended June 30, 2016. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board were \$1,155,374 and \$1,066,056 for the years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the school division reported a liability of \$12,447,000 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2015 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2015 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2015, the school division's proportion was 0.09889% as compared to 0.09898% at June 30, 2014.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2016

Note 12–Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the school division recognized pension expense of \$895,000. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2016, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		d Outflows sources	C 	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	Ş	-	Ş	171,000
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		763,000
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		52,000
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,155,374	_	
Total	Ş	1,155,374	Ş	986,000

\$1,155,374 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30	
2017	\$ (354,000)
2018	(354,000)
2019	(354,000)
2020	97,000
2021	(21,000)

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2016

Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5% - 5.95%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 3 years and females set back 5 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 3 years

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 1 year and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2016

Note 12–Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Weighted
		Arithmetic	Average
		Long-Term	Long-Term
	Target	Expected	Expected
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total	100.00%		5.83%
		Inflation	2.50%
*Expe	8.33%		

* Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2016

Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, school divisions are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		Rate	
-	1% Decrease	1% Increase	
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
School division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan			
Net Pension Liability (Asset) \$	18,214,000	\$ 12,447,000	7,698,000

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2015 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2015 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2015 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2015 CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2015-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2016

Note 13–Surety Bonds:

	Amount
Division of Risk Management Surety Bond:	
Commonwealth Funds	
Diane H. Mumford, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$ 110,000
Bonnie J. Dickson, Treasurer	400,000
George E. Thomas, Jr., Commissioner of the Revenue	3,000
Patrick McCranie, Sheriff	30,000
idelity and Deposit Company of Maryland-Surety:	
All School Board Employees-blanket bond	25,000
/A Risk Pool-Surety:	
All Department of Social Services Employees-blanket bond	1,000,000

Note 14–Jointly Governed Organizations:

The County in conjunction with other localities has created the Middle Peninsula/Northern Neck Community Services Board. The governing body of this organization is appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. During the year the County contributed \$37,846, for operations to the Middle Peninsula/Northern Neck Community Services Board.

Note 15–Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance Credit:

A. Plan Description

The School Board participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service. The credit amount and eligibility differs for state, school division, political subdivision, local officer, local social services department and general registrar retirees.

A teacher, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 per year of creditable service. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 multiplied by the smaller of (i) twice the amount of their creditable service or (ii) the amount of creditable service they would have completed at age 60 if they had remained in service to that age.

Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by Title 51.1, Chapter 14 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. The VRS actuarially determines the amount necessary to fund all credits provided, reflects the cost of such credits in the applicable employer contribution rate pursuant to \$51.1-145, and prescribes such terms and conditions as are necessary to carry out the provisions of the health insurance credit program. VRS issues separate financial statements as previously discussed in Note 12.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2016

Note 15–Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance Credit: (Continued)

B. Funding Policy

The School Board is required to contribute, at an actuarially determined rate, the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program. The current rate is 1.06% of annual covered payroll. The School Board's contributions to VRS for the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014 were \$88,093, \$77,841, and \$80,195, respectively and equaled the required contributions for each year.

Note 16-Postclosure Costs:

Old County Landfill

The County demonstrated financial assurance requirements for postclosure care and corrective action costs, if any, through the submission of a Local Governmental Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VA20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code. In addition, the County closed its landfill in August 1996 and is liable for the postclosure monitoring for a period of ten years. The amount reported as landfill postclosure liability at June 30, 2016 represents the estimated liability for postclosure monitoring of \$0 over a period of one year. This amount is based on what it would cost to perform all postclosure care in 2016. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations.

Note 17-Upcoming Pronouncements:

Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans*, improves the usefulness of information about postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB) included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governmental OPEB plans for making decisions and assessing accountability. This Statement replaces Statements No. 43, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans*, as amended, and No. 57, *OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple Employer Plans*. It also includes requirements for defined contribution OPEB plans that replace the requirements for those OPEB plans in Statement No. 25, *Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans*, as amended, Statement No. 50, *Pension Disclosures*. This Statement is effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016.

Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension, improves accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple Employer Plans, for OPEB. Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2016

Note 17-Upcoming Pronouncements: (Continued)

Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures,* will increase the disclosure of tax abatement agreements to disclose information about the agreements. The requirements of this Statement improve financial reporting by giving users of financial statements essential information that is not consistently or comprehensively reported to the public at present. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2015.

Statement No. 78, *Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans*, addresses a practice issue regarding the scope and applicability of Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. This issue is associated with pensions provided through certain multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans and to state or local governmental employers whose employees are provided with such pensions. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015.

Statement No. 80, *Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units—an amendment of GASB Statement No.* 14, improves financial reporting by clarifying the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units. This Statement amends the blending requirements established in paragraph 53 of Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended.* The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016.

Statement No. 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements*, improves accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and should be applied retroactively.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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County of Lancaster, Virginia General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Budgeted Amounts						riance with 1al Budget -	
					Actual	Positive		
		Original		Final		Amounts	((Negative)
REVENUES							-	
General property taxes	\$	15,668,000	\$	15,668,000	\$	15,836,307	\$	168,307
Other local taxes		2,088,000		2,088,000		1,973,114		(114,886)
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		104,700		104,700		108,799		4,099
Fines and forfeitures		19,000		19,000		10,833		(8,167)
Revenue from the use of money and property		105,000		105,000		112,979		7,979
Charges for services		391,800		391,800		388,425		(3,375)
Miscellaneous		40,000		40,000		114,928		74,928
Recovered costs		24,600		24,600		27,027		2,427
Intergovernmental:								
Commonwealth		4,146,957		4,452,776		4,016,908		(435,868)
Federal		765,044		883,268		902,763		19,495
Total revenues	\$	23,353,101	\$	23,777,144	\$	23,492,083	\$	(285,061)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government administration	\$	1,381,541	\$	1,381,541	Ş	1,520,697	Ş	(139,156)
Judicial administration		729,503		733,749		683,614		50,135
Public safety		4,666,744		5,074,535		4,992,280		82,255
Public works		1,191,969		1,191,969		1,320,139		(128,170)
Health and welfare		2,786,764		2,786,764		2,583,793		202,971
Education		10,632,720		10,659,431		10,034,174		625,257
Parks, recreation, and cultural		192,595		192,595		192,866		(271)
Community development		477,296		482,296		522,018		(39,722)
Capital projects		4,612,600		5,314,305		3,700,453		1,613,852
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		1,638,991		1,638,991		1,651,580		(12,589)
Interest and other fiscal charges		370,582	~	370,582	<u>,</u>	348,266	~	22,316
Total expenditures	\$	28,681,305	Ş	29,826,758	Ş	27,549,880	\$	2,276,878
Evenes (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	ć	(5,328,204)	ć	(6,049,614)	ċ	(4,057,797)	ċ	1,991,817
experiatures	Ş	(3,320,204)	ç	(0,047,014)	ç	(4,037,777)	ڔ	1,991,017
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	4,650,600	\$	5,142,904	\$	3,592,512	\$	(1,550,392)
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>-</u>	4,650,600	\$	5,142,904	\$	3,592,512	\$	(1,550,392)
	<u> </u>	1,000,000	4	3,112,704	4	5,572,51Z	Ŷ	(1,333,372)
Net change in fund balances	\$	(677,604)	\$	(906,710)	\$	(465,285)	\$	441,425
Fund balances - beginning	Ŷ	677,604	Ŧ	906,710	Ŧ	5,293,767	4	4,387,057
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$		\$	4,828,482	\$	4,828,482
C	-		4		4	.,0,.02	4	.,

County of Lancaster, Virginia County Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Budgeted Amounts			Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
REVENUES	<u>,</u>	÷		<u>,</u>	20	~	20
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	- \$	-	Ş	39	Ş	39
Miscellaneous		-	-		50		50
Intergovernmental:							
Commonwealth		-	-		8,343		8,343
Federal		-	-		12,781		12,781
Total revenues	\$	- \$	-	\$	21,213	\$	21,213
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures	\$	- \$	-	\$	21,213	\$	21,213
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers out	\$	- \$	(22,519)	\$	(28,351)	\$	(5,832)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	- \$	(22,519)		(28,351)		(5,832)
Net change in fund balances	\$	- \$	(22,519)	\$	(7,138)	\$	15,381
Fund balances - beginning	·	- '	22,519	'	34,333	•	11,814
Fund balances - ending	\$	- \$	-	\$	27,195	\$	27,195

County of Lancaster, Virginia Schedule of Components of and Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Primary Government For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	2015	2014
Total pension liability		
Service cost	\$ 504,777	\$ 513,722
Interest	1,320,944	1,253,422
Differences between expected and actual experience	248,771	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(878,972)	(726,122)
Net change in total pension liability	\$ 1,195,520	\$ 1,041,022
Total pension liability - beginning	19,310,108	18,269,086
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 20,505,628	\$ 19,310,108
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions - employer	\$ 573,585	\$ 562,794
Contributions - employee	230,155	222,340
Net investment income	767,978	2,278,553
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(878,972)	(726,122)
Administrative expense	(10,432)	(12,131)
Other	(160)	120
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 682,154	\$ 2,325,554
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	16,694,290	14,368,736
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 17,376,444	\$ 16,694,290
County's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 3,129,184	\$ 2,615,818
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total		
pension liability	84.74%	86.45%
Covered payroll	\$ 4,471,202	\$ 4,304,657
County's net pension liability as a percentage of		
covered payroll	69.99%	60.77%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Lancaster, Virginia Schedule of Components of and Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	2015	2014
Total pension liability		
Service cost	\$ 88,092	\$ 94,669
Interest	198,993	187,434
Differences between expected and actual experience	4,221	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(129,468)	(104,491)
Net change in total pension liability	\$ 161,838	\$ 177,612
Total pension liability - beginning	2,907,490	2,729,878
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 3,069,328	\$ 2,907,490
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions - employer	\$ 89,468	\$ 95,208
Contributions - employee	41,189	38,144
Net investment income	114,353	338,585
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(129,468)	(104,491)
Administrative expense	(1,541)	(1,785)
Other	(26)	18
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 113,975	\$ 365,679
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	2,497,647	2,131,968
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 2,611,622	\$ 2,497,647
School Division's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 457,706	\$ 409,843
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total		
pension liability	85.09%	85.90%
Covered payroll	\$ 841,096	\$ 762,880
School Division's net pension liability as a percentage of		
covered payroll	54.42%	53.72%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Lancaster, Virginia Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability VRS Teacher Retirement Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2016*

	 2015	2014
Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.09889%	0.09898%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 12,447,000 \$	11,962,000
Employer's Covered Payroll	7,352,110	7,224,751
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	169.30%	165.57%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	70.68%	70.88%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

* The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

Exhibit 16

County of Lancaster, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

				Contributions in Relation to					Contributions
		Contractually		Contractually		Contribution		Employer's	as a % of
		Required		Required		Deficiency		Covered	Covered
		Contribution		Contribution		(Excess)		Payroll	Payroll
Date		(1)		(2)		(3)		(4)	(5)
Primary Gov									
2016	\$	586,468	\$	586,468	Ş	-	\$	4,553,321	12.88%
2015		573,585		573,585		-		4,471,202	12.83%
2014		563,049		563,049		-		4,304,657	13.08%
2013		531,602		531,602		-		4,064,234	13.08%
2012		431,242		431,242		-		3,796,146	11.36%
2011		468,069		468,069		-		4,120,328	11.36%
2010		367,116		367,116		-		3,780,806	9.71%
2009		359,675		359,675		-		3,704,173	9.71%
2008		458,883		458,883		-		3,463,272	13.25%
2007		427,870		427,870		-		3,229,211	13.25%
Component	Unit	School Board (non	professional)					
2016	\$	91,678	\$	91,678	\$	-	\$	853,609	10.74%
2015		89,468		89,468		-		841,096	10.64%
2014		95,207		95,207		-		762,880	12.48%
2013		100,762		100,762		-		807,389	12.48%
2012		83,208		83,208		-		769,734	10.81%
2011		84,780		84,780		-		784,278	10.81%
2010		94,226		94,226		-		781,962	12.05%
2009		94,793		94,793		-		786,662	12.05%
2008		86,718		86,718		-		786,204	11.03%
2007		81,216		81,216		-		736,316	11.03%
Component	Unit	School Board (prof	fessional)					
2016	\$	1,155,374		1,155,374	Ś	-	\$	8,217,454	14.06%
2015	Ŧ	1,066,056	Ŧ	1,066,056	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	7,352,110	14.50%
2014		842,406		842,406		-		7,224,751	11.66%
2013		811,193		811,193		-		6,957,058	11.66%
2013		463,563		463,563		-		7,323,270	6.33%
2011		279,119		279,119		-		7,102,265	3.93%
2010		617,285		617,285		-		7,006,640	8.81%
2009		631,709		631,709		-		7,170,363	8.81%
2009		765,358		765,358		-		7,430,660	10.30%
2007		673,735		673,735		-		7,323,207	9.20%
2007		5, 5, 1 55		0, 5, 7 55				.,323,207	··

Current year contributions are from County records and prior year contributions are from the VRS actuarial valuation performed each year.

County of Lancaster, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

In 2015, Covered Employee Payroll (as defined by GASB 68) included the total payroll for employees covered under the pension plan whether that payroll is subject to pension coverage or not. This definition was modified in GASB Statement No. 82 and now is the payroll on which contributions to a pension plan are based. The ratios presented use the same measure.

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation. The 2014 valuation includes Hybrid Retirement Plan members for the first time. The hybrid plan applies to most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 and not covered by enhanced hazardous duty benefits. Because this was a new benefit and the number of participants was relatively small, the impact on the liabilities as of the measurement date of June 30, 2015 is not material.

Changes of assumptions - The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2013 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2012:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

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OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

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County of Lancaster, Virginia County Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

REVENUES		Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Fin	riance with nal Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	38,000	Ś	38,000	Ś	32,453	Ś	(5,547)
Intergovernmental:	Ý	30,000	Ŷ	50,000	Ŷ	52,155	Ŷ	(3,517)
Federal		-		-		159,498		159,498
Total revenues	\$	38,000	\$	38,000	\$	191,951	\$	153,951
EXPENDITURES								
Capital projects	\$	-	\$	-	\$	123,552	\$	(123,552)
Total expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	123,552	\$	(123,552)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	38,000	\$	38,000	\$	68,399	\$	30,399
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out	\$	(4,650,600)	\$	(5,120,385)	\$	(3,564,161)	\$	1,556,224
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(4,650,600)	\$	(5,120,385)	\$	(3,564,161)	\$	1,556,224
Net change in fund balances	s	(4,612,600)	Ś	(5,082,385)	Ś	(3,495,762)	Ś	1,586,623
Fund balances - beginning	Ŧ	4,612,600	r	5,082,385	r	6,881,418	r	1,799,033
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,385,656	\$	3,385,656

County of Lancaster, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund June 30, 2016

	AG	Jency Fund
		Special <u>Welfare</u>
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	18,095
Total assets	\$	18,095
LIABILITIES		
Amounts held for social services clients	\$	18,095
Total liabilities	\$	18,095

County of Lancaster, Virginia Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	_	Balance Beginning of Year	 Additions	 Deletions	 Balance End of Year
Special Welfare Fund:					
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	17,937	\$ 3,868	\$ 3,710	\$ 18,095
Accounts receivable		120	-	120	-
Total assets	\$	18,057	\$ 3,868	\$ 3,830	\$ 18,095
Liabilities:					
Amounts held for social services clients	\$	18,057	\$ 3,868	\$ 3,830	\$ 18,095

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DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT SCHOOL BOARD

County of Lancaster, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board

. June 30, 2016

	(School Operating <u>Fund</u>		School Cafeteria <u>Fund</u>		Textbook <u>Fund</u>	Go	Total vernmental <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	93,728	\$	47,781	\$	141,509
Receivables (net of allowance								
for uncollectibles):								
Accounts receivable		-		1,523		-		1,523
Due from other funds		19,763		-		-		19,763
Due from other governmental units		1,279,041		26,240		-		1,305,281
Total assets	Ş	1,298,804	\$	121,491	\$	47,781	\$	1,468,076
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	112,694	ς	-	s		s	112,694
Accrued liabilities	Ŷ	1,186,110	Ŷ	29,361	Ŷ	-	Ŷ	1,215,471
Due to other funds		-		19,763				19,763
Total liabilities	Ś	1,298,804	\$	49,124	\$	-	\$	1,347,928
	<u> </u>	.,_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Ŧ	.,,	*		Ŧ	.,,.
Fund balances:								
Committed	\$	-	\$	72,367	\$	47,781	\$	120,148
Total fund balances	\$	-	\$	72,367	\$	47,781	\$	120,148
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,298,804	\$	121,491	\$	47,781	\$	1,468,076
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of different because:	Net P	osition (Exhil	bit	1) are				
Total fund balances per above							\$	120,148
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial reso are not reported in the funds.	ource	es and, theref	fore	à,				
Capital assets, cost			Ś	20,421,453				
Accumulated depreciation				(11,826,112)				8,595,341
				<u>, , , ,</u>	-			
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period therefore, are deferred in the funds.	expe	nditures and,						
Items related to measurement of net pension liability								(1,050,664)
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be pension liability in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not r								1,247,052
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences, are not due period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	and	payable in th	ne c	current				
Compensated absences			\$	(429,131)				
Deferred outflows related to measurement of net pension lia	abilit	у	,	2,785				
Net pension liability				(12,904,706)				(13,331,052)
					-			
Net position of governmental activities							\$	(4,419,175)

County of Lancaster, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		School		School				Total
	(Operating		Cafeteria		Textbook	Go	overnmental
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds
REVENUES								
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	2,804	Ş	280	Ş	-	\$	3,084
Charges for services		5,600		105,161		-		110,761
Miscellaneous		103,524		4,615		-		108,139
Recovered costs		42,860		-		-		42,860
Intergovernmental:								
Local government		9,917,983		-		102,491		10,020,474
Commonwealth		3,522,680		8,654		24,050		3,555,384
Federal		1,004,218		476,091	_	-		1,480,309
Total revenues	\$	14,599,669	\$	594,801	\$	126,541	Ş	15,321,011
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Education	\$	14,599,669	\$	608,265	\$	78,760	\$	15,286,694
Total expenditures	\$	14,599,669	\$	608,265	\$	78,760	\$	15,286,694
		i			-			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	-	\$	(13,464)	Ş	47,781	Ş	34,317
Net change in fund balances	Ş	-	\$	(13,464)	¢	47,781	\$	34,317
Fund balances - beginning	Ŷ	_	Ļ	85,831	ç	47,701	Ļ	85,831
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	72,367	\$	47,781	\$	120,148
Sovernmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. How Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estir								
as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capita depreciation in the current period. The following is a sumary			his					
adjustment:								
Capital asset additions			\$	163,226				
Depreciation expense				(663,856)				
Transfer of joint tenancy assets to Component Unit from I	Primary G	Government		1,173,616				672,986
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide curre not reported as revenues in the funds.	ent financ	cial resources	s ar	е				
(Increase) decrease in items related to measurement of n	et pensio	n liability						928,055
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not re	quire the	use of curre	nt					
financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expend This adjustment represents the net change in compensated a		government	al f	unds.				
(Increase) decrease in compensated absences Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows related to pensic	on navme	nts	\$	(111,741)				
subsequent to the measurement date	payine			16,586				
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows related to measu	urement o	of						
net pension liability				2,785				
(Increase) decrease in net pension liability				(532,863)				(625,233
Change in net position of governmental activities							Ś	1,010,125
analize in the position of Sovernmental activities							Ŷ	1,010,123

		Sc	School Operat	ating Fund				School Cafeteria Fund	ia Fund			Textbo	Textbook Fund	
					Varia Fina	Variance with Final Budget			2 =	Variance with Final Budget				Variance with Final Budget
	Budgete	Budgeted Amounts	nts		Pc	Positive	Budgeted Amounts	mounts		Positive	Budgeted Amounts	Amounts		Positive
	Original		Final	Actual	(Ne	(Negative)	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES														
Revenue from the use of money and property	/ \$ 2,500	\$ 0	2,500 \$	2,804	Ş	304 \$	\$ '	, S	280 \$	280	\$ '	, S	, \$	Ş
Charges for services	5,960	0	5,960	5,600		(360)	133,845	133,845	105,161	(28,684)		,		
Miscellaneous	118,569	6	127,025	103,524		(23,501)			4,615	4,615		,		
Recovered costs	190,000	0	190,000	42,860		(147,140)							'	
Intergovernmental:														
Local government	10,543,240		10,543,240	9,917,983		(625,257)	75,780				75,780	102,491	102,491	
Commonwealth	3,421,669		3,547,668	3,522,680		(24,988)	7,932	7,932	8,654	722	24,220	24,220	24,050	(170)
Federal	827,626		1,120,043	1,004,218		(115,825)	437,168	476,691	476,091	(009)	,	,		
Total revenues	\$ 15,109,564	ŝ	15,536,436 \$	14,599,669	Ş	(936,767) \$	654,725 \$	618,468 \$	594,801 \$	(23,667)	\$ 100,000	\$ 126,711	\$ 126,541	\$ (170)
EXPENDITURES														
Current:														
Education	\$ 15,109,564 \$ 15,536,436	4 \$ 15,		\$ 14,599,669	Ş	936,767 \$	578,945 \$	618,468 \$	608,265 \$	10,203	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000 \$ 126,711 \$ 78,760		\$ 47,951
Total expenditures	\$ 15,109,564	Ş	15,536,436 \$	14,599,669	ş	936,767 \$	578,945 \$	618,468 \$	608,265 \$	10,203	\$ 100,000	\$ 126,711	\$ 78,760	\$ 47,951
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)														
expenditures	Ş	\$ '	÷ ,		Ş	, \$	75,780 \$	\$ -	(13,464) \$	(13,464) \$	\$ '	\$ -	\$ 47,781	\$ 47,781
N1-4 - 4	i	i	i		ر	i	7E 700 Û	i			i	ĩ		
het change in fund batances Fund balances - beginning	n .	۰ ۱	∩ 		Ŷ	~ 	¢ 00/(C/	∩ ''	(15,404) > 85.831	(15,404) \$ 85.831	^	^	- 2 4/,/01	- 4/,/01
Fund halances - ending	Ŷ	, , ,	, ,		v	, '	75 780 ¢		77 367 \$, ,	, ,	\$ 47.781	¢ 47.781

County of Lancaster, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Exhibit 23

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

County of Lancaster, Virginia Statement of Net Position Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority June 30, 2016

ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 99,396
Total assets	\$ 99,396
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted	\$ 99,396
Total net position	\$ 99,396

County of Lancaster, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services:	
Bond fees	\$ 31,087
Total operating revenues	\$ 31,087
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Other expenses	\$ 47,900
Total operating expenses	\$ 47,900
Operating income (loss)	\$ (16,813)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Interest income	\$ 47
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$ 47
Change in net position	\$ (16,766)
Total net position - beginning	116,162
Total net position - ending	\$ 99,396

County of Lancaster, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers and users Payments for operating activities	\$ 31,087 (47,900)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ (16,813)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income	\$ 47
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	\$ 47
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$ (16,766)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	116,162
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ 99,396

SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fin	iance with al Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
General Fund:						
Revenue from local sources:						
General property taxes:						
Real property taxes	\$	13,500,000	\$ 13,500,000	\$ 13,518,069	\$	18,069
Real and personal public service corporation taxes		310,000	310,000	310,966		966
Personal property taxes		1,483,000	1,483,000	1,590,833		107,833
Mobile home taxes		24,000	24,000	27,707		3,707
Machinery and tools taxes		11,000	11,000	4,203		(6,797)
Merchant's capital taxes		100,000	100,000	114,221		14,221
Penalties		180,000	180,000	214,773		34,773
Interest		60,000	60,000	55,535		(4,465)
Total general property taxes	\$	15,668,000	\$ 15,668,000	\$ 15,836,307	\$	168,307
Other local taxes:						
Local sales and use taxes	\$	1,700,000	\$ 1,700,000	\$ 1,556,263	\$	(143,737)
Consumption tax		40,000	40,000	40,578		578
Motor vehicle licenses		190,000	190,000	193,960		3,960
Bank stock taxes		28,000	28,000	26,870		(1,130)
Taxes on recordation and wills		130,000	130,000	155,443		25,443
Total other local taxes	\$	2,088,000	\$ 2,088,000	\$ 1,973,114	\$	(114,886)
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:						
Animal licenses	\$	6,500	\$ 6,500	\$ 5,237	\$	(1,263)
Land use application fees		1,000	1,000	350		(650)
Transfer fees		1,000	1,000	612		(388)
Permits and other licenses		96,200	96,200	102,600		6,400
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$	104,700	\$ 104,700	\$ 108,799	\$	4,099
Fines and forfeitures:						
Court fines and forfeitures	\$	19,000	\$ 19,000	\$ 10,833	\$	(8,167)
Revenue from use of money and property:						
Revenue from use of money	\$	45,000	\$ 45,000	\$ 43,238	\$	(1,762)
Revenue from use of property		60,000	60,000	69,741		9,741
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	105,000	\$ 105,000	\$ 112,979	\$	7,979
Charges for services:						
Courthouses maintenance fees	\$	2,500	\$ 2,500	\$ 2,125	\$	(375)
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney		1,000	1,000	898		(102)
Charges for correction and detention		3,700	3,700	3,303		(397)
Charges for other protection		2,500	2,500	3,224		724
Sheriff's fees		1,300	1,300	483		(817)
Charges for sanitation and waste removal		7,700	7,700	8,569		869
Charges for planning and community development		100	100	32		(68)
Charges for ambulance and rescue services		360,000	360,000	357,910		(2,090)
Court fees		13,000	13,000	11,881		(1,119)
Total charges for services	Ś	391,800	\$ 391,800	\$ 388,425	\$	(3,375)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	Actual	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued)					
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)					
Miscellaneous:		10.000			
Miscellaneous	\$ 40,000	\$ 40,000	\$ 114,928	\$	74,928
Recovered costs:					
Tri-county landfill	\$ 500	\$ 500	\$ -	\$	(500)
VHDA	24,000	24,000	27,027		3,027
Other recovered costs	100	100	-		(100)
Total recovered costs	\$ 24,600	\$ 24,600	\$ 27,027	\$	2,427
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 18,441,100	\$ 18,441,100	\$ 18,572,412	\$	131,312
Intergovernmental:					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Noncategorical aid:					
Communications tax	\$ 300,000	\$ 300,000	\$ 320,491	\$	20,491
Motor vehicle carriers' tax	10,000	10,000	3,882		(6,118)
Mobile home titling tax	7,000	7,000	3,514		(3,486)
Rolling stock tax	-	-	13		13
Additional tax on deeds	45,000	45,000	48,993		3,993
State recordation tax	42,000	42,000	54,886		12,886
Personal property tax relief funds	871,000	871,000	871,017		17
Total noncategorical aid	\$ 1,275,000	\$ 1,275,000	\$ 1,302,796	\$	27,796
Categorical aid:					
Shared expenses:					
Commonwealth's attorney	\$ 258,054	\$ 258,054	\$ 241,087	\$	(16,967)
Sheriff	1,200,136	1,200,136	1,191,868		(8,268)
Commissioner of revenue	94,930	94,930	88,788		(6,142)
Treasurer	88,518	88,518	88,511		(7)
Registrar/electoral board	41,000	41,000	45,513		4,513
Clerk of the Circuit Court	172,136	172,136	169,025		(3,111)
Local jails	50,000	50,000	55,548		5,548
Total shared expenses	\$ 1,904,774	\$ 1,904,774	\$ 1,880,340	\$	(24,434)
Other categorical aid:					
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$ 676,709	\$ 676,709	\$ 344,678	\$	(332,031)
Emergency medical services	-	-	13,321		13,321
Comprehensive services act	200,000	200,000	237,729		37,729
DMV - animal tags	-	-	120		120
Victim-witness grant	25,474	25,474	-		(25,474)
Fire programs fund	25,000	25,000	28,905		3,905
Rescue squad assistance	-	22,021	15,817		(6,204)
EMS training grant	-	-	179		179

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Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fin	iance with al Budget - Positive <u>Vegative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued)					
Intergovernmental: (Continued)					
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)					
Categorical aid: (Continued)					
Other categorical aid: (Continued)					
Wireless grant	\$ 40,000	\$ 40,000	\$ 43,053	\$	3,053
Emergency communications grant	-	149,970	149,970		-
Voting machine grant	-	81,950	-		(81,950)
Domestic violence grant	 -	51,878	-		(51,878)
Total other categorical aid	\$ 967,183	\$ 1,273,002	\$ 833,772	\$	(439,230)
Total categorical aid	\$ 2,871,957	\$ 3,177,776	\$ 2,714,112	\$	(463,664)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ 4,146,957	\$ 4,452,776	\$ 4,016,908	\$	(435,868)
Revenue from the federal government:					
Noncategorical aid:					
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$ 20,000	\$ 20,000	\$ -	\$	(20,000)
Categorical aid:					
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$ 745,044	\$ 745,044	\$ 759,520	\$	14,476
State homeland security	-	83,054	69,343		(13,711)
Homeland security	-	-	39,993		39,993
Emergency management	-	33,500	19,015		(14,485)
BABs subsidy	-	-	14,892		14,892
Justice assistance	 -	1,670	-		(1,670)
Total categorical aid	\$ 745,044	\$ 863,268	\$ 902,763	\$	39,495
Total revenue from the federal government	\$ 765,044	\$ 883,268	\$ 902,763	\$	19,495
Total General Fund	\$ 23,353,101	\$ 23,777,144	\$ 23,492,083	\$	(285,061)
Special Revenue Fund:					
County Special Revenue Fund:					
Revenue from local sources:					
Revenue from use of money and property:					
Revenue from the use of money	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 39	\$	39
Miscellaneous:					
Other miscellaneous	\$ 	\$ -	\$ 50	\$	50
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 50	\$	50
Total revenue from local sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 89	\$	89

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fin	iance with al Budget - Positive <u>Vegative)</u>
Special Revenue Fund: (Continued) County Special Revenue Fund: (Continued) Intergovernmental:					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Categorical aid:					
Asset forfeiture proceeds	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,343	\$	8,343
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,343	\$	8,343
Revenue from the federal government:					
Categorical aid:					
Asset forfeiture proceeds	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,781	\$	12,781
Total revenue from the federal government	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,781	\$	12,781
Total County Special Revenue Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 21,213	\$	21,213
Capital Projects Fund: County Capital Projects Fund: Revenue from local sources:					
Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money	\$ 38,000	\$ 38,000	\$ 32,453	\$	(5,547)
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 38,000	\$ 38,000	\$ 32,453	\$	(5,547)
Intergovernmental: Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid:					
Community development block grant	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 159,498	\$	159,498
Total revenue from the federal government	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 159,498	\$	159,498
Total County Capital Projects Fund	\$ 38,000	\$ 38,000	\$ 191,951	\$	153,951
Total Primary Government	\$ 23,391,101	\$ 23,815,144	\$ 23,705,247	\$	(109,897)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund: Revenue from local sources:					
Revenue from use of money and property:					
Revenue from the use of property	\$ 2,500	\$ 2,500	\$ 2,804	\$	304
Charges for services:					
Charges for education	\$ 5,960	\$ 5,960	\$ 5,600	\$	(360)
Miscellaneous:					
Miscellaneous	\$ 118,569	\$ 127,025	\$ 103,524	\$	(23,501)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued) School Operating Fund: (Continued)								
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)								
Recovered costs:	÷	400.000	ć	400.000	÷	42.970	÷	(4 47 4 40)
Other recovered costs	\$	190,000	Ş	190,000	Ş	42,860	Ş	(147,140)
Total revenue from local sources	\$	317,029	\$	325,485	\$	154,788	\$	(170,697)
Intergovernmental:								
Revenues from local governments:								
Contribution from County of Lancaster, Virginia	\$	10,543,240	\$	10,543,240	\$	9,917,983	\$	(625,257)
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Categorical aid:								
Share of state sales tax	\$	1,293,365	\$	1,293,364	\$	1,297,455	\$	4,091
Basic school aid		1,156,987		1,156,987		1,147,648		(9,339)
Security equipment grant		-		125,000		36,702		(88,298)
Compensation supplement		20,486		20,486		20,347		(139)
Remedial summer education		11,091		11,091		10,985		(106)
Vocational education		26,178		26,178		25,995		(183)
Special education foster care		8,372		8,372		-		(8,372)
Gifted and talented		11,830		11,830		11,748		(82)
Remedial education		77,779		77,779		77,235		(544)
School fringes		222,010		222,010		220,456		(1,554)
Early reading intervention		8,401		8,401		9,101		700
Class size reduction		72,293		72,293		84,390		12,097
Homebound		265		265		295		30
Vocational education - equipment		2,927		2,927		3,182		255
Special education		147,000		147,000		145,971		(1,029)
GED preparation assistance		7,859		7,859		7,859		-
At risk payments		176,734		176,734		176,238		(496)
ESL		2,056		2,056		2,330		274
Virtual Virginia		_,		_,		498		498
Project graduation		-		-		9,849		9,849
Mentor teacher program		2,711		3,711		2,891		(820)
Technology grant		165,200		165,200		221,273		56,073
SOL algebra readiness		7,177		7,177		7,912		735
Workplace readiness				-				-
CTE industry certification		948		948		2,320		1,372
Total categorical aid	\$	3,421,669	\$	3,547,668	\$	3,522,680	\$	(24,988)
	-	-,,	7	-,,	*	-,,	Ŧ	(= :,)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	3,421,669	\$	3,547,668	\$	3,522,680	\$	(24,988)

Schedule 1 Page 6 of 7

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)						
School Operating Fund: (Continued)						
Intergovernmental: (Continued)						
Revenue from the federal government:						
Categorical aid:						
Title VI-B	\$	271,644	\$ 336,738	\$ 308,549	\$	(28,189)
Title I		342,185	488,494	518,779		30,285
Vocational education		24,380	24,380	17,708		(6,672)
CTE equipment		3,320	3,320	-		(3,320)
Title II, Part A - Improving teacher quality		100,115	172,464	91,221		(81,243)
Title VI - Rural education		21,982	21,982	22,705		723
Advanced placement testing		-	-	205		205
Title III, Part A		-	2,610	1,635		(975)
Parent resource center		-	6,055	-		(6,055)
JROTC grant		64,000	64,000	43,416		(20,584)
Total categorical aid	\$	827,626	\$ 1,120,043	\$ 1,004,218	\$	(115,825)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	827,626	\$ 1,120,043	\$ 1,004,218	\$	(115,825)
Total School Operating Fund	\$	15,109,564	\$ 15,536,436	\$ 14,599,669	\$	(936,767)
Special Revenue Funds:						
School Cafeteria Fund:						
Revenue from local sources:						
Revenue from use of money and property:						
Revenue from the use of money	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 280	\$	280
Charges for services:						
Cafeteria sales	\$	133,845	\$ 133,845	\$ 105,161	\$	(28,684)
	<u> </u>	,	,	,		
Miscellaneous:						
Miscellaneous	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 4,615	\$	4,615
Total revenue from local sources	\$	133,845	\$ 133,845	\$ 110,056	\$	(23,789)
Intergovernmental:						
Revenue from the Commonwealth:						
Categorical aid:						
School food program grant	\$	7,932	\$ 7,932	\$ 8,654	\$	722

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Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
Special Revenue Funds: (Continued)						
School Cafeteria Fund: (Continued)						
Intergovernmental: (Continued)						
Revenue from the federal government:						
Categorical aid:						
School food program grant	\$ 437,168	\$	437,168	\$ 431,479	\$	(5,689)
Summer food	-		-	5,089		5,089
Commodities	 -		39,523	39,523		-
Total categorical aid	\$ 437,168	\$	476,691	\$ 476,091	\$	(600)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$ 437,168	\$	476,691	\$ 476,091	\$	(600)
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$ 578,945	\$	618,468	\$ 594,801	\$	(23,667)
Textbook Fund:						
Intergovernmental:						
Revenues from local governments:						
Contribution from County of Lancaster, Virginia	\$ 75,780	\$	102,491	\$ 102,491	\$	-
Total revenues from local governments	\$ 75,780	\$	102,491	\$ 102,491	\$	-
Revenue from the Commonwealth:						
Categorical aid:						
Textbook payment	\$ 24,220	\$	24,220	\$ 24,050	\$	(170)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	 24,220		24,220	24,050		(170)
Total Textbook Fund	\$ 100,000	\$	126,711	\$ 126,541	\$	(170)
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$ 15,788,509	\$	16,281,615	\$ 15,321,011	\$	(960,604)

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Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fin	iance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
General Fund:					
General government administration:					
Legislative:					
Board of supervisors	\$ 44,694	\$ 44,694	\$ 57,590	\$	(12,896)
General and financial administration:					
County administrator	\$ 395,923	\$ 395,923	\$ 395,230	\$	693
Information Technology	119,442	119,442	111,196		8,246
Legal services	40,000	40,000	188,330		(148,330)
Commissioner of revenue	300,452	300,452	293,179		7,273
Independent Auditor	34,200	34,200	41,800		(7,600)
Treasurer	297,116	297,116	297,722		(606)
Total general and financial administration	\$ 1,187,133	\$ 1,187,133	\$ 1,327,457	\$	(140,324)
Board of elections:					
Electoral board and officials	\$ 49,355	\$ 49,355	\$ 42,025	\$	7,330
Registrar	100,359	100,359	93,625		6,734
Total board of elections	\$ 149,714	\$ 149,714	\$ 135,650	\$	14,064
Total general government administration	\$ 1,381,541	\$ 1,381,541	\$ 1,520,697	\$	(139,156)
Judicial administration:					
Courts:					
Circuit court	\$ 13,127	\$ 13,127	\$ 13,114	\$	13
General district court	3,400	3,400	2,371		1,029
Special Magistrates	600	600	-		600
Juvenile and domestic relations court	2,625	2,625	1,989		636
Victim/witness assistance	27,674	27,674	26,997		677
Court appointed special advocates	5,000	5,000	5,000		-
Clerk of the circuit court	313,500	313,500	294,261		19,239
Total courts	\$ 365,926	\$ 365,926	\$ 343,732	\$	22,194
Commonwealth's attorney:					
Commonwealth's attorney	\$ 363,577	\$ 367,823	\$ 339,882	\$	27,941
Total judicial administration	\$ 729,503	\$ 733,749	\$ 683,614	\$	50,135
Public safety:					
Law enforcement and traffic control:					
Sheriff	\$ 1,756,319	\$ 1,894,406	\$ 1,885,916	\$	8,490
School resource officer	116,341	116,341	116,681		(340)
DCJS grant	-	51,878	7,246		44,632
Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$ 1,872,660	\$ 2,062,625	\$ 2,009,843	\$	52,782

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Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued)								
Public safety: (Continued)								
Fire and rescue services:								
Fire department	\$	292,390	\$	292,390	\$	265,050	\$	27,340
Ambulance and rescue services		1,160,349		1,312,924		1,285,928		26,996
Forestry service		4,000		4,000		3,991		9
Local emergency services		30,000		80,000		60,353		19,647
Total fire and rescue services	\$	1,486,739	\$	1,689,314	\$	1,615,322	\$	73,992
Correction and detention:								
Sheriff	\$	975,739	\$	990,990	\$	1,005,942	\$	(14,952)
Probation office		50,450		50,450		103,034		(52,584)
Total correction and detention	\$	1,026,189	\$	1,041,440	\$	1,108,976	\$	(67,536)
Inspections:								
Building	\$	147,621	\$	147,621	\$	128,014	\$	19,607
Other protection:								
Animal control	\$	133,335	\$	133,335	\$	128,277	\$	5,058
Medical examiner		200		200		1,848		(1,648)
Total other protection	\$	133,535	\$	133,535	\$	130,125	\$	3,410
Total public safety	\$	4,666,744	\$	5,074,535	\$	4,992,280	\$	82,255
Public works:								
Sanitation and waste removal:								
Refuse disposal	\$	904,622	\$	904,622	\$	1,012,312	\$	(107,690)
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:								
General properties	\$	287,347	\$	287,347	\$	307,827	\$	(20,480)
Total public works	\$	1,191,969	\$	1,191,969	\$	1,320,139	\$	(128,170)
Health and welfare: Health:								
Local health department	Ş	201,352	s	201,352	S	201,352	s	-
Free health clinic	Ŷ	100,477	~	100,477	Ŷ	100,477	÷	-
Total health	\$	301,829	\$	301,829	\$	301,829	\$	-
Mental health and mental retardation:								
Community services board	\$	37,846	\$	37,846	\$	37,846	\$	-
Welfare:								
Public assistance and welfare administration	s	1,701,440	Ċ	1,701,440	\$	1,494,526	¢	206,914
Area agency on aging	ç	70,549	ç	70,549	ç	70,549	Ļ	- 200,714

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Fund, Function, Activity and Element General Fund: (Continued)		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
Health and welfare: (Continued)								
Welfare: (Continued)								
Comprehensive services act	\$	600,000	\$	600,000	\$	603,168	\$	(3,168)
Chamber of commerce		500		500	•	1,275	•	(775)
Rappahannock legal services		5,600		5,600		5,600		-
The Haven crisis shelter		4,000		4,000		4,000		-
Virginia quality of life		10,000		10,000		10,000		-
Boys and girls club of America		55,000		55,000		55,000		-
Total welfare	\$	2,447,089	\$	2,447,089	\$	2,244,118	\$	202,971
		, ,		, ,		, , -		- , -
Total health and welfare	\$	2,786,764	\$	2,786,764	\$	2,583,793	\$	202,971
Education:								
Contributions to Community College	\$	13,700	\$	13,700	\$	13,700	\$	-
Contribution to County School Board		10,619,020		10,645,731		10,020,474		625,257
Total education	\$	10,632,720	\$	10,659,431	\$	10,034,174	\$	625,257
Parks, recreation, and cultural: Parks and recreation:								
Supervision of parks and recreation	\$	75,000	\$	75,000	\$	75,000	\$	-
Total parks and recreation	\$	75,000	\$	75,000	\$	75,000	\$	
Cultural enrichment:								
Museum	\$	4,400	\$	4,400	\$	4,871	\$	(471)
Historic resources commission	·	200	•	200	•	-	·	200
Total cultural enrichment	\$	4,600	\$	4,600	\$	4,871	\$	(271)
Library:								
Library	\$	112,995	\$	112,995	\$	112,995	\$	-
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	192,595	\$	192,595	\$	192,866	\$	(271)
Community development:								
Planning and community development:								
Land use administration	\$	273,876	\$	273,876	\$	256,381	\$	17,495
Section 8 housing		57,785		57,785		58,125		(340)
Indoor plumbing		-		-		12,037		(12,037)
Planning district commission		30,323		30,323		28,508		1,815
Zoning board		2,165		2,165		-		2,165
Greentown/Gaskins Rd - CDBG		-		-		85,899		(85,899)

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Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued)					
Community development: (Continued)					
Planning and community development: (Continued)					
Other community development	\$ 7,000	\$ 7,000	\$ 5,500	\$	1,500
Total planning and community development	\$ 371,149	\$ 371,149	\$ 446,450	\$	(75,301)
Environmental management:					
Contribution to soil and water conservation district	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$	-
Wetlands board	10,000	15,000	10,801		4,199
Total environmental management	\$ 20,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 20,801	\$	4,199
Cooperative extension program:					
Extension office	\$ 61,147	\$ 61,147	\$ 29,767	\$	31,380
Rebranding intitative	25,000	25,000	25,000		-
Total cooperative extension program	\$ 86,147	\$ 86,147	\$ 54,767	\$	31,380
Total community development	\$ 477,296	\$ 482,296	\$ 522,018	\$	(39,722)
Capital projects:					
Landfill closure	\$ 7,000	\$ 7,000	\$ 10,334	\$	(3,334)
Enhanced emergency telephone system	30,925	30,925	21,857		9,068
School projects	1,301,900	1,605,352	1,069,335		536,017
Other capital projects	3,272,775	3,671,028	2,598,927		1,072,101
Total capital projects	\$ 4,612,600	\$ 5,314,305	\$ 3,700,453	\$	1,613,852
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	\$ 1,638,991	\$ 1,638,991	\$ 1,651,580	\$	(12,589)
Interest and other fiscal charges	370,582	370,582	348,266		22,316
Total debt service	\$ 2,009,573	\$ 2,009,573	\$ 1,999,846	\$	9,727
Total General Fund	\$ 28,681,305	\$ 29,826,758	\$ 27,549,880	\$	2,276,878
Capital Projects Fund: County Capital Projects Fund:					
Capital projects expenditures:					
Greentown/Gaskins CDBG	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 123,552	\$	(123,552)
Total County Capital Projects Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 123,552	\$	(123,552)
Total Primary Government	\$ 28,681,305	\$ 29,826,758	\$ 27,673,432	\$	2,153,326

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Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund:								
Education:								
Administration, health, and attendance	\$	837,700	\$	837,700	\$	797,568	\$	40,132
Instruction costs		11,588,563		11,884,380		11,189,781		694,599
Pupil transportation		1,174,428		1,174,428		1,151,155		23,273
Operation and maintenance of school plant		1,508,873		1,633,873		1,455,111		178,762
School food		-		6,055		6,054		1
Total education	\$	15,109,564	\$	15,536,436	\$	14,599,669	\$	936,767
Total School Operating Fund	\$	15,109,564	\$	15,536,436	\$	14,599,669	\$	936,767
Special Revenue Funds: School Cafeteria Fund: Education:								
School food services:	÷	F 7 0.04F	~	F 7 0.04F	~	F(0 7 /2	~	40.000
School food	\$	578,945	\$	578,945	Ş	568,742	Ş	10,203
Commodities	<u> </u>	-	ć	39,523	ć	39,523	ć	-
Total school food services	\$	578,945	\$	618,468	\$	608,265	\$	10,203
Total education	\$	578,945	\$	618,468	\$	608,265	\$	10,203
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$	578,945	\$	618,468	\$	608,265	\$	10,203
Textbook Fund								
Education:								
Purchase of textbooks	\$	100,000	\$	126,711	\$	78,760	\$	47,951
Total education		100,000		126,711		78,760		47,951
Total Textbook Fund	\$	100,000	\$	126,711	\$	78,760	\$	47,951
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$	15,788,509	\$	16,281,615	\$	15,286,694	\$	994,921

STATISTICAL INFORMATION

23,906,289	16,483	255,179	605,475	31,285	11,439,147	2,586,611	1,310,981	4,952,988	799,809	1,908,331	2016
22,398,243	•	378,089	661,086	172,119	10,403,350	2,511,962	1,238,203	4,613,799	807,803	1,611,832	2015
22,588,829		194,525	1,244,682	182,973	10,495,867	2,603,743	827,480	4,889,888	804,040	1,345,631	2014
22,161,248		228,599	633,659	176,275	10,485,368	2,740,633	1,167,822	4,617,309	779,749	1,331,834	2013
22,350,235	•	426,296	1,119,775	172,895	10,768,097	2,517,020	1,110,981	3,845,479	807,167	1,582,525	2012
22,165,429	'	444,034	1,453,260	172,801	10,318,017	2,391,444	1,132,419	4,064,428	761,709	1,427,317	2011
21,534,548		398,847	1,711,279	160,179	10,188,939	2,332,650	1,048,830	3,872,862	616,607	1,204,355	2010
21,323,151	•	306,444	1,283,578	160,839	11,031,828	2,202,534	1,177,914	3,662,812	599,799	897,403	2009
21,109,579	•	272,582	1,294,897	161,940	9,814,756	2,501,442	1,236,465	3,695,460	610,071	1,521,966	2008
\$ 19,430,686		192,771 \$	\$ 986,907 \$	\$ 156,351	9,451,156	3 2,380,967	1,068,661	595,329 \$ 3,401,929 \$	\$ 595,329 \$	\$ 1,196,615	2007
Total	Fund	Term Debt	Development	and Cultural	Education	Welfare	Works	Safety	Administration	Administration Administration	Year
	Sewer	on Long-	Community	Recreation,		Health and	Public	Public	Judicial	Government	Fiscal
		Interest		Parks,						General	

County of Lancaster, Virginia Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 2

County of Lancaster, Virginia Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

	and itions icted	ıms Total	1,054,455 \$ 18,944,041	997,110 21,543,925	900,904 23,550,276	980,269 23,520,760	,000,772 22,969,676	,337,343 22,987,658	,330,494 22,211,600	,323,904 22,565,941	,317,854 23,529,937	307 796 73 539 589
	Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific		ې بې				-	-	-	-	-	~
ES		Miscellaneous	\$ 25,485	26,037	135,390	47,921	41,957	43,915	49,012	83,414	142,360	114 978
GENERAL REVENUES	Unrestricted Investment	Earnings	3 190,307	266,252	337,290	205,834	161,276	135,618	120,500	118,016	153,280	145 471
GEN	Other Local	Taxes	2,029,167	2,212,575	2,013,343	1,865,960	1,892,761	1,950,576	1,930,588	1,892,069	1,936,429	1 973 114
	General Property	Taxes	\$ 11,358,649 \$	12,893,466	15,383,703	15,284,455	14,656,899	14,923,610	14,403,558	14,722,918	15,827,037	15 693 176
ES	Capital Grants and	Contributions	\$ 185,505	801,066	943,083	668,227		50,000	18,000	644,332	212,096	163 998
PROGRAM REVENUES	Operating Grants and	Contributions	\$ 3,568,636	3,862,996	3,359,779	3,975,191	4,738,390	4,019,711	3,720,366	3,261,746	3,340,098	3 637 999
PR	Charges for	Services	\$ 531,837	484,423	476,784	492,903	477,621	526,885	639,082	519,542	600,783	508 057
	Fiscal	Year	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016

ē	General											-	Parks,					
Š	Government		Judicial		Public	Δ.	Public	Heā	Health and			Rec	Recreation,	ပိ	Community	Debt		
i,	nistration	Adr	Administration Administration		Safety	>	Works	×	Welfare	Edt	Education (2)	and	and Cultural	Dev	Development	Service		Total
	1,202,178	ŝ	596,834	ŝ	3,274,791 \$	-	1,074,404	s S	2,390,250	ŝ	\$ 15,091,424	ŝ	156,351	ŝ	1,027,945 \$	974	364	25,788,541
	1,541,154		605,152		3,586,684		1,234,680	. 1	2,491,874	•	15,389,246		161,940		1,346,638	947	947,744	
	1,252,466		604,767		3,568,597	-	1,172,357	. 1	2,207,354		15,278,613		160,839		1,311,718	1,053	149	
	1,235,687		607,641		3,749,601		,072,457	. 4	2,288,465		15,389,267		160,179		1,743,331	1,453,989	989	27,700,617
	1,341,422		618,495		4,141,836		1,120,296	. 4	2,366,967		15,707,417		172,801		1,486,288	1,498	206	28,45
	1,501,800		625,449		3,779,509		1,116,041	17	2,482,024	•	15,285,122		172,895		1,152,343	7,003	073	33,1
	1,323,619		637,902		4,323,772		1,148,111	1	2,713,142	•	15,101,887		176,275		555,165	1,209	686	27,18
	1,310,767		663,850		4,694,193		1,254,976	17	2,596,948		14,752,836		182,973		656,245	1,206	455	27,3′
	1,539,813		694,752		4,622,133		1,203,081	17	2,565,290	•	15,377,552		183,454		476,841	2,350,142	142	29,013,058
	1,520,697		683,614		4,992,280	-	1,320,139	. 4	2,583,793	•	15,300,394		192,866		522,018	1,999,846	846	29,115,647

(1) Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board.
(2) Excludes Capital Projects funds.

County of Lancaster, Virginia General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1,3) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	25,249,693 27.883.072	28,745,135	28,947,521	28,687,685	27,954,462	27,297,372	26,734,120	28,690,041	28,813,833
Inter- governmental (2)	10,723,724 \$ 11.528.616	10,281,484	10,651,224	11,073,878	10,072,348	9,615,225	9,065,976	9,454,840	9,976,488
Recovered Costs go	44,111 \$ 64.743	47,510	50,812	269,465	284,593	187,047	115,017	196,456	69,887
Miscellaneous	\$ 183,238 \$ 251.943	352,749	319,456	70,775	77,737	173,133	180,383	347,465	223,117
Charges for Services	584,112 584,112	527,518	512,438	488,592	531,002	631,065	524,268	583,249	499,186
Revenue from the Use of Money and Property	138,119 216.879	202,512	169,681	137,139	129,677	117,827	118,770	121,975	116,102
Fines and Forfeitures	18,184 \$ 19.840	28,029	20,168	16,314	16,626	25,797	14,759	21,134	10,833
Permits, Privilege Fees, Regulatory Licenses	164,660 138,683	142,355	149,757	142,764	149,016	119,007	100,564	101,185	108,799
Other F Local Taxes		2,013,343	1,865,960	1,892,761	1,950,576	1,930,588	1,892,069	1,936,429	1,973,114
General Property Taxes	\$ 11,316,916 \$ 12.865.681	15,149,635	15,208,025	14,595,997	14,742,887	14,497,683	14,722,314	15,927,308	15,836,307
Fiscal Year	2007 2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016

County of Lancaster, Virginia General Governmental Revenues by Source (1,3) Last Ten Fiscal Years Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board.
 Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board.
 Excludes Capital Projects funds.

Table 5

Property Tax Levies and Collections County of Lancaster, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years

Percent of	Delinquent	Taxes to	Tax Levy	A 58%	0/00:1	4.17%	4.85%	5.56%	6.50%	6.46%	6.32%	6.27%	5.21%	4.86%
	Outstanding	Delinquent	Taxes (1,2)	516 166	E01 EE4	100,100	728,623	835,636	941,217	1,000,012	958,038	959,942	857,726	797,241
Percent of	Total Tax	Collections	to Tax Levy	00 73% 0		047.24%	99.14%	99.53%	99.17%	99.31%	99.82%	99.93%	100.24%	100.26%
	Total	Тах	Collections	11 173 778	17 200 011	12,000,041	14,908,871	14,961,245	14,351,880	15,363,521	15,124,033	15,307,198	16,510,791	16,437,018
	Delinquent	Тах	Collections (1)	¢ 105 185 ¢		232,000	268,363	331,663	357,927	400,496	396,680	465,359	487,835	443,482
	Percent	of Levy	Collected (07 70%		91.11%	97.36%	97.32%	96.70%	96.72%	97.20%	96.89%	97.28%	97.55%
	Current	Тах	Collections (1)	¢ 10 077 703		12,440,233	14,640,508	14,629,582	13,993,953	14,963,025	14,727,353	14,841,839	16,022,956	15,993,536
	Total	Тах	Levy (1)	¢ 11 760 311 ¢ 10 077 703	110,002,111 4	12,139,400	15,037,856	15,031,753	14,472,243	15,470,572	15,151,601	15,317,462	16,471,200	16,395,196
		Fiscal	Year	2002	0000	2002	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016

Exclusive of penalties and interest.
 Includes three most current delinquent tax years and first half of current tax year.

County of Lancaster, Virginia	Assessed Value of Taxable Property	Last Ten Fiscal Years
County of I	Assessed Value	Last Te

Total	32,717,833 \$ 2,177,719,129	2,201,036,709	3,260,479,876	3,286,041,385	3,309,630,564	3,331,751,590	3,345,123,636	2,686,448,343	2,709,929,978	2,708,689,000
Public Utility (2)	32,717,833	28,828,991	37,970,594	42,470,454	44,516,230	44,173,669	44,806,003	44,789,060	57,257,295	57,321,237
	Ŷ									
Merchant's Capital	9,584,128	10,907,813	12,444,246	11,959,791	11,191,102	12,081,091	9,884,665	10,992,013	11,044,308	11,576,166
	Ŷ									
Machinery and Tools	190,250	343,350	309,350	248,650	199,250	181,750	742,450	433,350	327,250	276,500
	ŝ									
Personal Property and Mobile Homes	179,478,372	149,516,502	161,929,534	147,216,942	144,199,002	144,354,545	140,487,618	136,569,120	138,593,352	131,126,404
	ŝ									
Real Estate (1)	\$ 1,955,748,546	2,011,440,053	3,047,826,152	3,084,145,548	3,109,524,980	3,130,960,535	3,149,202,900	2,493,664,800	2,502,707,773	2,508,388,693
Fiscal Year	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016

(1) Real estate is assessed at 100% of fair market value.(2) Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.

Table 7

Property Tax Rates (1)								
Last Ten Fiscal Years								
			Personal	Me	rchant's	M	achinery and	
Real Estate					Capital		Tools	
\$	0.46	\$	1.52	\$	1.00	\$	1.52	
	0.53		2.04		1.00		1.52	
	0.42		2.04		1.00		1.52	
	0.42		2.04		1.00		1.52	
	0.40		2.04		1.00		1.52	
	0.40		2.04		1.00		1.52	
	0.39		2.04		1.00		1.52	
	0.50		2.04		1.00		1.52	
	0.54		2.04		1.00		1.52	
	0.54		2.04		1.00		1.52	
		Real Estate \$ 0.46 0.53 0.42 0.42 0.42 0.40 0.40 0.39 0.50 0.54	Real Estate F \$ 0.46 \$ 0.53 0.42 0.42 0.42 0.42 0.40 0.40 0.40 0.39 0.50 0.54 0.54	Last Ten Fiscal Ye Personal Real Estate Property \$ 0.46 \$ 1.52 0.53 2.04 0.42 2.04 0.42 2.04 0.42 2.04 0.40 2.04 0.40 2.04 0.40 2.04 0.40 2.04 0.40 2.04 0.40 2.04 0.50 2.04 0.50 2.04	Last Ten Fiscal Years Personal Me Real Estate Property O \$ 0.46 \$ 1.52 \$ 0.46 \$ 1.52 \$ 0.53 2.04 0.42 2.04 0.42 2.04 0.42 0.44 0.42 2.04 0.42 0.44 0.42 2.04 0.40 2.04 0.40 2.04 0.40 2.04 0.50 2.04 0.50 2.04 0.50 2.04 0.54 2.04 0.54 2.04 0.54 2.04 0.54 2.04 0.54 2.04 0.54 2.04 0.54 2.04 0.54 2.04 0.54 2.04 0.54 2.04 0.54 2.04 0.54 2.04 0.54 2.04 0.54 2.04 0.54 2.04 0.54 2.04 0.54 2.04 0.55 2.04 0.55 2.04 0.55 2.04 0.55 2.04 0.55 2.04 0.55 2.04 0.	Personal Merchant's Real Estate Property Capital \$ 0.46 \$ 1.52 \$ 1.00 0.53 2.04 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 0.42 2.04 1.00 1.00 1.00 0.42 2.04 1.00 0.40 2.04 1.00 0.40 2.04 1.00 0.40 2.04 1.00 0.40 2.04 1.00 0.50 2.04 1.00 0.50 2.04 1.00 0.50 2.04 1.00 0.50 2.04 1.00	Last Ten Fiscal Years Last Ten Fiscal Years Marchant's Personal Merchant's Real Estate Property Capital \$ 0.46 \$ 1.52 \$ 1.00 \$ \$ 0.46 \$ 1.52 \$ 1.00 \$ \$ 0.46 \$ 1.52 \$ 1.00 \$ \$ 0.46 \$ 1.52 \$ 1.00 \$ \$ 0.46 \$ 1.52 \$ 1.00 \$ \$ 0.42 2.04 1.00 \$ \$ \$ 0.42 2.04 1.00 \$ \$ 0.40 2.04 1.00 \$ \$ 0.40 2.04 1.00 \$ \$ 0.50 2.04 1.00 \$ \$ 0.54 2.04 1.00 \$	

County of Lancaster, Virginia

(1) Per \$100 of assessed value.

Table 8

County of Lancaster, Virginia Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Net	Bonded	Debt per	Capita	52	24		•	200	191	180	170	159	147
Ratio of	Net Bonded	Debt to E	Assessed D	Value	0.03% \$	0.01%	0.00%	0.00%	0.07%	0.07%	0.06%	0.07%	0.07%	0.06%
		Net	Bonded	Debt	600,000	275,000			2,280,000	2,170,000	2,055,000	1,935,000	1,810,000	1,680,000
	ŕ	bed	her	es (4)	, v					·	ı			ı
Less:	Debt	Assumed	by Other	Localities (4)	ŝ									
	Debt	Service	Monies	Available	' (0						•			•
		Gross	Bonded	Debt (3)	600,000	275,000			2,280,000	2,170,000	2,055,000	1,935,000	1,810,000	1,680,000
			Assessed	Value (2)	2,177,719,129 \$	2,201,036,709	3,260,479,876	3,286,041,385	3,309,630,564	3,331,751,590	3,345,123,636	2,686,448,343	2,709,929,978	2,708,689,000
				Population (1)	11,567 \$	11,567	11,567	11,391	11,391	11,391	11,391	11,391	11,391	11,391
			Fiscal	Year	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016

(1) Weldon Cooper Center for 2000 and 2010 Census.

(2) From Table 6.

(3) Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bonded anticipation notes, and literary fund loans.

Excludes revenue bonds, landfill closure/post-closure care liability, capital leases, and compensated absences. (4) In accordance with the provisions of annexation settlements.

COMPLIANCE

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Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Lancaster Lancaster, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties*, *Cities*, *and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Lancaster Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the County of Lancaster, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 23, 2016.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered County of Lancaster Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Lancaster, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Lancaster, Virginia's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether County of Lancaster, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

PATICX-

Richmond, Virginia November 23, 2016

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Lancaster Lancaster, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited County of Lancaster, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of County of Lancaster, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. County of Lancaster, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of County of Lancaster, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.* Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about County of Lancaster, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of County of Lancaster, Virginia's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, County of Lancaster, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of County of Lancaster, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered County of Lancaster, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Lancaster, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

BATICK-

Richmond, Virginia November 23, 2016

County of Lancaster, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/	Federal CFDA	Pass-Through Entity			ederal
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Identifying Number	-	Exp	enditures
Department of Health and Human Services:					
Pass Through Payments:					
Department of Social Services:					
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	0950115/0950116		\$	13,213
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	0400115/0400116			144,983
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.566	0500115/0500116			143
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600415/00600416			17,288
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund	93.596	0760115/0760116			21,471
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	0900115/090116			917
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100115/1100116			60,528
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1130115/11301116			22,602
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000115/1000116			98,960
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	9150115/9150116			775
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540115/0540116			6,794
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200115/1200116			207,523
otal Department of Health and Human Services				\$	595,197
epartment of Homeland Security:					
Pass Through Payments:					
Department of Emergency Assistance:					
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	77501-52740		\$	19,015
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	77501-62704			39,993
State Homeland Security Program	97.073	77501-52717			69,343
tal Department of Homeland Security				\$	128,351
epartment of Agriculture:					
Pass Through Payments:					
Child Nutrition Cluster:					
Department of Agriculture:					
Summer Food Service Program for Children Food Distribution	10.559	Unknown	\$ 274		
Department of Health:					
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	17901-45707	5,089		
			\$ 5,363		
Department of Agriculture:					
National School Lunch Food Distribution	10.555	17901-45707	\$ 39,249		
Department of Education:					
National School Lunch Program	10.555	17901-40623	358,011	-	
			\$ 397,260	<u> </u>	
School Breakfast Program	10.553	17901-40591	73,468	<u> </u>	476,091
Department of Social Services:					
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition					
Assistance Program	10.561	0010115/0010116			164,323
-					
otal Department of Agriculture				\$	640,414
epartment of Housing and Urban Development:					
Pass Through Payments:					
Department of Housing and Community Development:					
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants					
in Hawaii	14.228	53305-50790		\$	159,498
epartment of Treasury: Direct Payments:					
Sheriff Asset Forfeiture Funds	21.xxx	N/A		¢	12,781
Sherini Assel Fullellule Fullus	21.XXX	IN/A		Ş	12,761

County of Lancaster, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditure	
Department of Defense:				
Direct Payments:				
ROTC	12.xxx	N/A	\$	43,416
Department of Education:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Education:				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	17901-42901	\$	518,779
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	17901-43071		308,549
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	17901-61095		17,708
Rural Education	84.358	17901-43481		22,705
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	17901-61480		91,221
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	17901-60512		1,635
Advanced Placement Program	84.330	17901-60957		205
Total Department of Education			\$	960,802
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	2,540,459

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

Note A - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the County of Lancaster, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2016. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of Lancaster, Virginia, it is not intended to be and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County of Lancaster, Virginia.

Note B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note C - Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

Note D - Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary government:	
General Fund	\$ 902,763
Special Revenue Fund	12,781
County Capital Projects Fund	159,498
Total primary government	\$ 1,075,042
Component Unit School Board:	
School Operating Fund	\$ 1,004,218
School Cafeteria Fund	476,091
Total Component Unit School Board	\$ 1,480,309
Total expenditures of federal awards per basic financial statements	\$ 2,555,351
BABs subsidy	(14,892)
Total expenditures of federal awards per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ 2,540,459

County of Lancaster, Virginia Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Section I-Summary of Auditors' Results	
Financial Statements	
Type of auditors' report issued:	unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes 🗸 no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes ✓ none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes∕no
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes <u>√</u> no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance	
for major programs:	unmodified
Any findings disclosed that are required to be	
reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)?	yesno
Identification of major programs:	
<u>CFDA Number(s)</u>	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
10.553/10.555/10.559	Child Nutrition Cluster
84.027	Special Education - Grants to States
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A	
and type B programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	✓ yesno
Section II-Financial Statement Findings	
None	
Section III-Federal Award Findings and Questioned C	osts

None

There were no prior year findings.

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